(Time: 3 Hours) (Total Marks: 80)

- N.B. (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.
 - (2) Answer any three questions from Q.2 to Q.6.
 - (3) Use of Statistical Tables permitted.
 - (4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- Q1. (a) Find the Laplace transform of t e^{-t} cosh 2t
 - (b) If $u = -r^3 \sin 3\theta$ find the analytic function f(z) whose real part is u. [05]
 - (c) Calculate the Spearman's rank correlation coefficient R

x	85	74	85	50	65	78	74	60	74	90
у	78	91	78	58	60	72	80	55	68	70

[05]

(d) Find inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{1}{s} \log \left(1 + \frac{1}{s^2}\right)$.

[05]

[06]

- **Q2.** (a) Evaluate by using Laplace transform of $\int_0^\infty e^{-2t} \frac{\cos 2t \sin 3t}{t} dt$. [06]
 - (b) Find the value of k if the function $f(x) = k x e^{\frac{-x}{3}}$, x > 0f(x) = 0 $0 \le x$.

Is a probability density function, find mean and variance. [06]

(c) Obtain the Fourier series to represent $f(x) = \frac{3x^2 - 6x\pi + 2\pi^2}{12}$ in $(0, 2\pi)$

Hence show that $\frac{\pi^2}{6} = \frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2}$ [08]

- Q3. (a) Find the analytic function whose real part is $u = e^{2x}$ (x cos 2y y sin 2y). [06]
 - (b) Obtain the Fourier series to represent $f(x) = x x^2$, $-1 \le x \le 1$. [06]
 - (c) Using convolution theorem Find inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{(s+3)^2}{(s^2+6s+18)^2}$. [08]
- **Q4.** (a) Obtain the half range cosine series of $f(x) = x (\pi x)$ in $(0, \pi)$

Hence show that
$$\frac{\pi^4}{90} = \frac{1}{1^4} + \frac{1}{2^4} + \frac{1}{3^4} + \frac{1}{4^4} \dots$$
 [06]

(b) Find the lines of regression and coefficient of correlation for the data

x	65	66	67	67	68	69	70	72
у	67	68	65	66	72	72	69	71

- (c) Evaluate by using Laplace transform of $\int_0^\infty e^{-t} \left(\int_0^t u^2 \sin hu \cos hu \, du \right) dt$ [08]
- Q5. (a) Find the orthogonal trajectories of family of curves $e^{-x} \cos y + x y = \alpha$ where α is the real constant in the x y - plane. [06]

Paper / Subject Code: 50921 / Engineering Mathematics-III

(b) A random variable x has the probability distribution

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х	0	15	2	3
P(x=x)	1	1	1	1 18
	6	3	3 3	6

Find the moment generating function about origin. also find mean and variance.

(c) Fit a second degree parabolic curve to the following:

[08]

X year	1965	66	67	68	69	70	71	72
Y profit	125	140	165	195	200	215	220	230

Also estimate the profit in 1973

Q6. (a) Find inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{(2s^2-6s+5)}{(s^3-6s^2+11s-6)}$

[06]

- (b) Show that the function $v = e^x$ (x sin y + y cos y) satisfies Laplace equation And find its corresponding analytic function and its harmonic conjugate.
- [06]

(c) A random variable X has the probability function

[08]

X	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
P(X = x)	K	2K	3K	K ²	$K^2 + K$	$2K^2$	$4K^2$

Find k, p(X<5), p(x>3), $P(0 \le X \le 5)$.

Total Marks: 80

10

10

(3 hours)

1	V.B.	1. Question No. 1 is compulsory	
		2. Attempt any three questions from remaining five questions	
		3. Assume suitable data if necessary and justify the assumptions	
		4. Figures to the right indicate full marks	
Q1	A	What are universal logic gates? Why are they called so? Explain with a suitable	05
		example	
	В	Explain the functioning of D and T flip-flops along with their Truth table	05
	C	Differentiate between Hardwired control unit and Micro programmed control unit	05
	D	List and describe the key characteristics of memory?	05
Q2	A	Using booths algorithm multiply 3 x -2 along with its flow chart do write appropriate	10
		comments for each operation.	
	В	Draw the flow chart for Restoring division algorithm and Perform 6 ÷3	10
Q3	A	Explain Multiplexer & Demultiplexerx (IC level description only)	10
	В	Discuss the different ways in which data can be accessed in memory using addressing	10
		modes.	
na sako	350		100
Q4	A	Explain Micro instruction format and write a micro program for the instruction	10
		ADD R_1 , R_2	
	В	Explain Hardwired Control Unit and the various design methods associated with it.	10
Q5	A	Explain different memory Mapping Techniques	10
	В	Describe Interleaved memory	05
	C	What do you mean by cache coherence	05

A Explain Instruction pipelining and describe the hazards associated with it

Explain Flynn's Classification.

Paper / Subject Code: 50922 / Discrete Structures & Graph Theory

Time: 3 Hrs Marks: 100

- N.B.: (1) Question Number 1 is compulsory
 - 2)Solve any three questions from the remaining questions
 - 3)Make suitable assumptions if needed
 - Assume appropriate data whenever required. State all assumptions clearly.
- 1. a. Define the following with suitable example
 - a) Power Set b) Group c) Euler Graph d) Existential Quantifier
 - b. Construct the Truth Table and check if the following statement is tautology.
 5
 (P →Q) ↔ (¬Q → ¬P)
 - c. For all sets A, B and C show that $A\times(B\cap C) = (A\times B)\cap (A\times C)$
 - d. Prove by mathematical induction that 5 1.1! + 2.2! + 3.3! + -- + n.n! = (n+1)! -1
- 2 a Define Equivalence Relation. Let A be a set of integers, Let R be a Relation on AXA defined by (a,b) R (c,d) if and only if a+d = b+c. Prove that R is an Equivalence Relation
 - b. Let A={a, b, c, d} Find Transitive Closure of R represented by M_R using Warshall's algorithm.

$$\mathbf{M_{R}} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Find: 1)gof 2)goh 3)fogoh 4)gofoh

- c Prove that the set A=(0,1,2,3,4,5) is a finite Abelian group under Addition modulo 6 4
- 3 a Let f,g,h be functions on real numbers R defined as follows: f(x) = 2x+5, g(x) = 5x+3, h(x) = 3x

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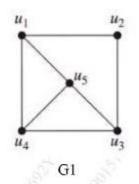
Paper / Subject Code: 50922 / Discrete Structures & Graph Theory

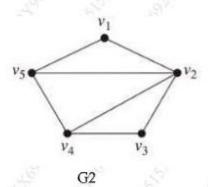
b Give the exponential generating function for the sequences

8

- 1) {1,1,1...}
- 2){1,2,3, 4,...}
- 3) $\{1, a, a^2, a^3, \ldots\}$
- Determine whether the following graphs are isomorphic. Justify your answer.

4





- 4 a A Function
 - $f: R \{(\frac{2}{5})\} \rightarrow R \{\frac{4}{5}\}$ is defined as $f(x) = \frac{4x + 3}{5x 2}$

Prove that f is Bijective and find the rule for f1

b Show that (2,5) encoding function $e:B^2 \to B^5$ defined by

8

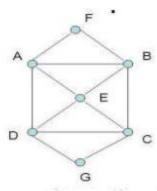
- e(00) = 00000
- e(01) = 01110
- e(10) = 10101
- e(11) = 11011

is a group code.

c Find the number of positive integers n where 1≤ n≤100 and n is not divisible by 2,3 4 or 5.

Paper / Subject Code: 50922 / Discrete Structures & Graph Theory

5 a Define Euler Path, Euler Circuit, Hamiltonian Path and Hamiltonian Circuit.
8 Determine if the following diagram has Euler Path, Euler Circuit, Hamiltonian Path and Hamiltonian Circuit and state the path /circuit.



6.

Function

b State and explain the extended Pigeonhole principle. How many friends must you have to guarantee that at least five of them will have birthdays in the same month.

c Find the complement of each element in D₄₂ 4

a Draw the Hasse Diagram of D₇₂ and check whether it is a Lattice. 8

b Find the complete solution of a_n+2a_{n-1} = n+3 for n≥1 with a₀=3 8

c Define the following with suitable examples. 4

a)Maximal and Minimal Element b) Partition of a set c) Sub Lattice d) Injective

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Time: 5 Hours Warks	. 60
N.B: 1) Question number 1 is compulsory.	
2) Attempt any three out of the remaining. 3) Assume suitable data if necessary and justify the assumptions. 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.	
Q.1 Attempt any four	20
a) Give difference between random scan display and raster scan display.	
b) Define Aliasing, Describe different antialiasing techniques.	
c) Compare DDA and BRESENHAM line drawing algorithm.	
d) Explain point clipping algorithm.	
e) Give fractal dimension for KOCH curve.	
Q.2 a) Derive formula for mid-point circle algorithm.	10
b) Given a line AB where A(0,0) and B(1,5) calculate all the points of line AB using DDA algorithm.	10
Q.3 a) With neat diagram explain Composite transformation.	10
b) Given a triangle ABC where A(0,0), B(-10,-10) and C(10,-10) rotate the given trian ABC 180 degree in anti-clockwise direction. Find out the new co-ordinate of trian ABC after rotation.	
Q.4 a) With neat diagram explain window to viewport coordinate transformation.	10
b) With neat diagram explain Sutherland Hodgman polygon clipping algorithm.	10
Q.5 a) Define projection, with neat diagram describe planar geometric projection.	10
b) Describe properties of BEZIER curve.	10
Q.6 a) Describe various principles of traditional animation.	10
b) Write short note on Depth buffer algorithm.	10

Total Marks: 80

(3 Hours)

N.B:	(2) A	Question No. 1 is compulsory ttempt any three questions out of the remaining five questions igures to the right indicate full marks	
		Take suitable assumptions wherever necessary with proper justifications	
Q1	A B	Explain the concept of Abstract Data Type with an example. What are the disadvantages of representing a linear queue using an array? How are they overcome?	[05] [05]
	С	Given an array based stack implemented with a maximum size of 4, perform the following operations in sequence: Push(12), Push(25), Push(33), Pop(), Push(47), Push(51), Push(66). Now, based on the sequence of operations, apply your knowledge to:	[05]
		 i. Determine the state of the stack after each operation. ii. Identify if any overflow or underflow conditions occur during these operations. If so, at which step do they occur? iii. Write conditions to check for stack overflow and underflow. 	
	D	Write an algorithm to perform binary search on a given set of 'n' numbers.	[05]
Q2	Ā	Consider two different orders of inserting the elements 40, 20, 60, 10, 30, 50, 70 into an empty Binary Search Tree (BST):	[10]
		 i. Insert the elements in the given order. ii. Insert the elements in reverse order. 	
	B	Construct both BSTs and compare their heights. Write a program in C to create a Singly linked list. Include functions to insert element at the second last position and display every alternate element of the list.	[10]
Q3	A	Explain Depth First search and Breadth First search graph traversal techniques with example.	[10]
	В	Given the values $\{11, 9, 62, 51, 6, 99, 16, 9, 58, 47\}$, a hash table of size 10 and a hash function $h(k) = k \mod 10$, show the resulting table after inserting the values in the given order using Linear probing technique.	[10]
		mering me races in the Brien order doing name proofing recumique.	

Paper / Subject Code: 50923 / Data Structure

Q4	A	Given the set of characters and frequencies: M: 4, N: 8, O: 16, T: 32, E: 64.	[10]
		Construct the Huffman tree and write the binary code for each symbol and encode the string "MOMENT".	
	В	Write a program in C to implement Circular queue using an array.	[10]
Q5	A	Explain the key differences between a singly linked list, a doubly linked list, and a circular linked list. Use diagrams to show the structure of each type and discuss the advantages and disadvantages of each.	[10]
	В	Write a program in C to evaluate a postfix expression.	[10]
Q6	A	Write a program in C to remove all occurrences of a specific value from a given doubly linked list.	[10]
	В	Perform a series of insertions with the elements 9, 15, 19, 8, 7, 13, 10, 25, 30, 14. Show all the rebalancing steps required to keep the AVL tree balanced.	[10]

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