## Examination 2020 under cluster VESIT, Chembur (Lead College: A. P. Shah

Institute of Technology (APSIT), Thane)

# Examinations Commencing from 23<sup>rd</sup> December 2020 to 6<sup>th</sup> January 2021 and from 7<sup>th</sup> January 2021

to 20<sup>th</sup> January 2021

## Program: Electronics and Telecommunication

Curriculum Scheme: R2016

Examination: TE Semester VI

Course Code: ECC604 and Course Name: Image Processing and Machine Vision Time: 2 hour Max. Marks: 80

Q1.	Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks						
	compulsory and carry equal marks						
1.	What is the correct sequence of steps in image processing?						
Option A:	Image acquisition->Image enhancement->Image restoration->Color image processing->Compression->Wavelets and multi resolution processing- >Morphological processing->Segmentation->Representation & description- >Object recognition						
Option B:	Image acquisition->Image enhancement->Image restoration->Color image processing->Wavelets and multi resolution processing->Compression- >Morphological processing->Segmentation->Representation & description- >Object recognition						
Option C:	Image acquisition->Image enhancement->Color image processing->Image restoration->Wavelets and multi resolution processing->Compression->Morphological processing->Segmentation->Representation & description->Object recognition						
Option D:	Image acquisition->Image enhancement->Image restoration->Color image processing->Wavelets and multi resolution processing->Compression- >Morphological processing->Representation & description->Segmentation- >Object recognition						
2.	Color image can be easily converted to gray image using one of following equations.						
Option A:	Y = (0.299  x R) + (0.587  x G) + (0.114  x B)						
Option B:	Y = (0.299  x R) - (0.587  x G) + (0.114  x B)						
Option C:	Y = (0.299  x R) - (0.587  x G) - (0.114  x B)						
Option D:	Y = (0.299  x R) + (0.587  x G) - (0.114  x B)						
3.	The smallest discernible change in intensity level is called						
Option A:	Intensity Resolution						
Option B:	Contour						
Option C:	Saturation						
Option D:	Contrast						
4.	Which of the following is energy efficient transforms?						
Option A:	Hit-or-Miss Transform						
Option B:	Hough Transform						

Option C:	DCT
Option D:	Power law transformation
Option D.	
5.	Which of the following can be used as a transform matrix?
Option A:	
	1 1 1 -1 -1
	$A = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{2} = 0$
	$A = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ \sqrt{2} & \sqrt{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -\sqrt{2} & -\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}$ $\boxed{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} }$
Option B:	
	1 1 1 - 1 - 1 - 1
	$A = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{2} = 0 = 0$
	$0  0  -\sqrt{2}  \sqrt{2}$
Option C:	$A = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ \sqrt{2} & -\sqrt{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -\sqrt{2} & \sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}$ $A = \frac{1}{4} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ \sqrt{2} & -\sqrt{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -\sqrt{2} & -\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}$
	$A = \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \cdot $
	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & -\sqrt{2} & -\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}$
Option D:	$A = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & -1 \\ \sqrt{2} & -\sqrt{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -\sqrt{2} & \sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}$
	1 1 1 1 -1
	$A = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{2} 0 0$
	$0 - 0 - \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{2}$
6.	Output of Median filtering for noisy image of $i =$
	[20 20 20 20 100 20 20 20 20 ] is:
Option A:	$i = [20\ 20\ 20\ 20\ 100\ 20\ 20\ 20\ 20\ ]$
Option B:	$i = [20\ 20\ 20\ 20\ 20\ 20\ 20\ 20\ ]$
Option C:	$i = [100\ 100\ 100\ 100\ 100\ 100\ 100\ 100$
Option D:	$i = [20\ 20\ 20\ 20\ 20\ 20\ 20\ 20\ ]$
7.	Following are the properties of 2D DFT except
Option A:	Separable property
Option B:	Convolution property
Option C:	Periodicity property
Option D:	Non orthogonality property
8.	Sequence for calculating Histogram Equalization is:
Option A:	1)PDF, 2)CDF, 3)CDF*(L-1), 4)Round Off 5)Pixel Mapping
Option B:	1)CDF, 2)CDF*(L-1), 3)PDF, 4)Round Off 5)Pixel Mapping
Option C:	1)PDF, 2)CDF*(L-1), 3)CDF, 4)Pixel Mapping 5)Round Off
Option D:	1)CDF*(L-1), 2) Pixel Mapping, 3)PDF, 4) CDF 5)Round Off
	Colt and nonnen noise can interchance the base of a 'd
9. Option A:	Salt and pepper noise can interchangeably be used with Rayleigh noise
Option A: Option B:	Gamma noise
Option D:	Black noise
option C.	

Option D:	Impulse noise
10.	The response of the smoothing linear spatial filter is
Option A:	Sum of image pixel in the neighborhood filter mask
Option B:	Difference of image in the neighborhood filter mask
Option C:	Product of pixels in the neighborhood filter mask
Option D:	Average of pixels in the neighborhood of filter mask
11.	The application of Log transformation is used to
Option A:	Compress the histogram of the image
Option B:	Expand the visual ability to distinguish the distribution of gray levels when the gray levels in the original image are not distributed in the entire dynamic range
Option C:	Expand the visual ability to distinguish the distribution of gray levels when the gray levels in the original image are distributed in the entire dynamic range
Option D:	Stretch the shape of the histogram of the image
12.	Which property is applicable for the process of segmentation using an edge detection?
Option A:	Discontinuity
Option B:	Similarity
Option C:	Region growing
Option D:	Thresholding
13.	Horizontal line detection mask is:
Option A:	[-1-1-1; 2 2 2; -1-1-1]
Option B:	[2 -1 -1; 2 -1 -1; 2 -1 -1]
Option C:	[2 -1 -1; -1 2 -1; -1 -1 2]
Option D:	[-1 2 -1; -1 2 -1; -1 2 -1]
14	
14.	The theory of mathematical morphology is based on
Option A:	Image size
Option B:	Set theory
Option C:	Probability
Option D:	Correlation
15.	In expression $s = Tr$ , r in range $0 = \langle r = \langle L-1, s \rangle$ should be
Option A:	Strictly monotonically increasing function
Option B:	Strictly monotonically decreasing function
Option C:	Linearly decreasing function
Option D:	Gaussian function
16.	To eliminate the small holes in the binary images, the appropriate operation is:
Option A:	Erosion
Option B:	Dilation
Option C:	Opening
Option D:	Closing
17	
17.	This is a
	-1 -1 -1

	-1 8 -1
Option A:	Point detection mask
Option B:	Line detection mask (horizontal)
Option C:	Line detection mask (vertical)
Option D:	Line detection mask (diagonal)
18.	What is recognition?
Option A:	It is process that assigns a label to an object based on its descriptors.
Option B:	It is process of search an image
Option C:	It is a process segmenting an image
Option D:	It is process of acquisition of an image
19.	Which is not a statistical approach of texture representation
Option A:	Third moment
Option B:	Entropy
Option C:	Uniformity
Option D:	Fourier spectrum
20.	Which of the following techniques of boundary descriptions have the physical
	interpretation of boundary shape?
Option A:	Fourier transform
Option B:	Statistical moments
Option C:	Laplace transform
Option D:	Curvature

Q.2 A	Solve any Two					5	marks o	each		
i.	Explain point processing enhancement techniques in brief.									
ii.	Define n property		•	y a) Conv	olution p	property a	nd b) Sp	atial shi	fting	
iii.	Generat	e one Ha	aar ba	asis for N	=2.					
Q.2. B	Solve a	ny One						10	marks e	each
i.		•	-	ualizatior following		image wł	iose gray	/ levels v	vs. numb	er of
	Grey levels	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
	Pixel no.	8	10	10	2	12	16	4	2	
ii.			ng of	iltering us image X 4 5 7		raging fil	ter with :	mirror p	adding a	nd

Q.3	Write Short notes (any two)	10 marks each
i.	Support Vector Machine	
ii.	Statistical Texture discription method.	
Iii	Frequency domain image enhancement.	

Examination 2020 under cluster \_\_ (Lead College: \_\_\_\_\_)

Examinations Commencing from 23<sup>rd</sup> December 2020 to 6<sup>th</sup> January 2021 and from 7<sup>th</sup> January 2021

to 20<sup>th</sup> January 2021

Program: Electronics and Telecommunication Engineering

Curriculum Scheme: Rev2016

Examination: TE Semester VI

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Course Code: ECCDLO6023 and Course Name: Database Management System

Time: 2 hour

Q1.	Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks
1.	The conceptual Model is
Option A:	Dependent only on hardware
Option B:	Dependent only on software
Option C:	Dependent on both hardware and software
Option D:	Independent of both hardware and software
2.	Which join condition contains an equality operator:
Option A:	Equijoins
Option B:	Cartesian
Option C:	Natural
Option D:	Left
-	
3.	Which one of the following attributes can be taken as primary key?
Option A:	Name
Option B:	Id
Option C:	Address
Option D:	Age
•	
4.	Find the correct query to add columns to a table in SQL.
Option A:	ALTER TABLE TableName ADD ColumnName
Option B:	ALTER TABLE TableName ADD COLUMN ColumnName
Option C:	MODIFY TABLE TableName ADD ColumnName
Option D:	MODIFY TABLE TableName ADD COLUMN ColumnName
5.	Choose the correct statement for Projection Operation in Relational Algebra:
Option A:	It is used to select only few columns or all columns of a table as per requirements.
Option B:	This is binary operator.
Option C:	It is used to select some rows from table which satisfy the given condition.
Option D:	This is ternary operator.
6.	In Hierarchical model records are organized as
Option A:	Graph
Option B:	List
Option C:	Tree
Option D:	Links

7.	Find the correct query for pollution in increasing order of all cities of the given
/.	state.
Option A:	SELECT city FROM state ORDER BY pollution
Option B:	SELECT city, pollution FROM state
Option C:	SELECT city, pollution FROM state ORDER BY pollution
Option D:	SELECT city, pollution FROM state ORDER BY city
option D.	
8.	The default timestamp ordering protocol generates schedules that are
Option A:	Recoverable
Option B:	Non-recoverable
Option C:	Starving
Option D:	Recoverable and Starving
•	
9.	To overcome the problems with conventional file processing system, we need
Option A:	Data Storage System
Option B:	Data Processing System
Option C:	Data Evaluation System
Option D:	Data insertion System
10.	Which one of the following is used to define the structure of the relation, deleting
	relations and relating schemas?
Option A:	DDL (Data Definition Language)
Option B:	DML (Data Manipulation Language)
Option C:	Query
Option D:	Relational Schema
11.	Which of the following is not an integrity constraint?
Option A:	Not Null
Option B:	Positive
Option C:	Unique
Option D:	Check Predicate
12	
12.	Choose incorrect statement for Two phase locking protocol
Option A:	It ensures conflict serializability.
Option B:	It is simple to implement and understand
Option C:	Deadlock may occur in two phase schedule.
Option D:	Cascaded roll back may not occur under two phase locking
13	Which of the following query is to retrieve total loan_amount for all the loans taken
15	by each Customer of a bank.
Option A:	SELECT Customer_id,
Option A:	FROM Customer-Loan
Option B:	SELECT Customer_id, SUM(Amount)
Option D.	FROM Customer_Loan
	GROUP BY Customer_id
Option C:	SELECT Customer_id, Amount
option C.	FROM Customer_Loan
	GROUP BY Customer_id
Option D:	SELECT Customer_id, SUM(Amount)
1	FROM Customer_Loan
i	—

14.	Choose the correct option for Shared Lock
17.	1) This lock is used when a transaction wants to only read data without
	performing modification to it from the database.
	2) This lock is used by the DBMS when a transaction wants to write data in
	database.
Option A:	Option 1 is True and Option 2 is False
Option B:	Option 1 is True and Option 2 is True
Option C:	Option 1 is False and Option 2 is True
Option D:	Option 1 is False and Option 2 is False
15.	For Unique and Primary Key constraints which option is incorrect?
Option A:	A table can only have one primary key.
Option B:	The primary key column cannot have null values.
Option C:	A table can not have multiple unique keys.
Option D:	Unique key generates the non-clustered index.
16.	Which option is incorrect for TRUNCATE and DELETE command?
Option A:	The DELETE statement removes rows one at a time
Option B:	We can use 'where' clause with TRUNCATE.
Option C:	DELETE is a DML command.
Option D:	TRUNCATE removes all rows from a table.
17.	The attribute name could be attractured as an attribute consisting of first name
17.	The attribute name could be structured as an attribute consisting of first name, middle and last name. This type of attribute is called
Option A:	Composite attribute
Option B:	Derived attribute
Option D:	Multivalued attribute
Option D:	Simple attribute
Option D.	
18.	Which is not DDL (data definition language) operation
Option A:	SQL create table
Option B:	Renaming a table
Option C:	Add a column to an existing table
Option D:	Update data into a table in SQL database
19.	Which is not the Aggregate function?
Option A:	SUM
Option B:	AVG
Option C:	ADD
Option D:	COUNT
20	
20.	What is the correct sequence to generate Logical Data Model
	<ol> <li>Collect and analyze business requirement</li> <li>Find Entiting Attributes and Business Bulas</li> </ol>
	<ul> <li>2) Find Entities, Attributes and Business Rules</li> <li>3) Create High level concentual model</li> </ul>
	3) Create High level conceptual model
	<ul><li>4) Generate Reports</li><li>5) Align all requirements and validate data model</li></ul>
Option A:	1-3-2-5-4
Option B:	1-3-2-3-4-5
Option <b>D</b> .	1 <sup>-</sup> <i>L</i> <sup>-</sup> <i>J</i> <sup>-</sup> <b>T</b> <sup>-</sup> <i>J</i>

Option C:	3-1-2-4-5
Option D:	1-2-5-3-4

Q2	Solve any Two Questions out of Three10 Marks each
A	Explain SQL constraints with the help of an example.
В	What do you mean by deadlock in database system? What are various techniques for deadlock prevention and detection?
С	Consider the following relations for database that keeps track of student enrolment in courses and books issued for each course. <b>STUDENT</b> (Ssn, Name, Subject, DOB) <b>COURSE</b> (Course_id, Name, Dept) <b>ENROLL</b> (Ssn, Course_id, Semester, Grade) <b>BOOK_ISSUED</b> (Course_id, Semester, ISBN) <b>TEXT</b> (ISBN, Title, Publisher, Author) Write following queries using relational Algebra: 1) Write a Query to select all courses available in institute. (2Marks) 2) Find all student details registered for course id 10. (2Marks)
	<ul><li>3) Find all students belong to EXTC department (without join). (3Marks)</li><li>4) Find total number of students enrolled in EXTC department. (3Marks)</li></ul>

Q.3	Solve any Two Questions out of Three         10 Marks each
A	Explain the advantages of database system over file system.
В	Explain concurrency control in database system with the help of any two protocols.
С	Write short note on a) Transaction State Diagram (5 Marks) b) Network Data Model (5 Marks)

**Examination 2020 under cluster 5 (Lead College: APSIT)** 

Examinations Commencing from 23<sup>rd</sup> December 2020 to 6<sup>th</sup> January 2021 and from 7<sup>th</sup> January 2021

# to 20<sup>th</sup> January 2021

Program:EXTC

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Curriculum Scheme: Rev2016

Examination: TE Semester VI

#### Course Code: ECCDLO 6021 Course Name: Digital VLSI Design

Time: 2 hour

Max. Marks: 80

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	Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions are			
Q1.	compulsory and carry equal marks			
1.	Which color is used to represent a metal in a mask layout			
Option A:	Blue			
Option B:	Yellow			
Option C:	Green			
Option D:	Red			
2.	Which of the following is not a feature of Static CMOS design style?			
Option A:	Low power consumption			
Option B:	Good noise margin			
Option C:	Smaller area requirement			
Option D:	Implementation of complement expression			
3.	The following circuit implements			
	x3			
Option A:	R-S Flip Flop			
Option B:	2:1 Multiplexer			
Option C:	NAND Gate			
Option D:	J-K Flip Flop			
4.	How many transistors are needed to implement a NOR based column decoder used			
	for memory circuit with M column address bits?			
Option A:	2^M			
Option B:	M(2^M)			
Option C:	(M+1)2^M			
Option D:	2^(M+1)			
5.	Sense amplifier is used in the memory circuits to,			
Option A:	Amplify a small change in the column line current to read the data			

Option B:	Sense the change in capacitance of the column line to read the data		
Option C:	Sense change in the column line current to read the data		
Option D:	Amplify a small change in the column line voltage to read the data		
6.	Identify the circuit		
	d Mp		
	$\overline{En} \bullet d$ M1		
	$\bullet$ f		
	En • M2		
Option A:	Inverter		
Option B:	AND gate		
Option C:	NAND gate		
Option D:	Tristate		
•			
7.	Identify the circuit		
	$- \bullet - V_{DD}$		
	h+d a+d		
	↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	$\diamond \leftarrow \mid \subseteq c_{out} \perp$		
	b ⊷   []		
	$\phi = Non-overlapping clock$		
Option A:	Dynamic NAND		
Option B:	Clock-CMOS NAND		
Option C:	Dynamic NOR		
Option D:	Clock-CMOS NOR		
8.	The power consumption of a dynamic RAM is		
Option A:	More than that of static RAM		
Option B:	Equal to that of a static RAM		
Option D:	Less than that of a static RAM		
Option D:	Zero		
Option D.			
9.	One column in RAM contains		
Option A:	2 sense amplifiers		

Option B:	1 sense amplifiers		
Option C:	3 sense amplifiers		
Option D:	4 sense amplifiers		
-			
10.	Which one of the following circuit gives non-complementary output		
Option A:	CMOS		
Option B:	Dynamic CMOS		
Option C:	NORA		
Option D:	Domino		
11.	is a phenomenon of pulsing a voltage on one of the lines induce		
	a stray signal on all lines that are coupled to it.		
Option A:	Interconnect		
Option B:	Capacitance		
Option C:	Crosstalk		
Option D:	Electro-migration		
10			
12.	Power supply distribution grid is		
Option A:	Set of RC components that provide voltages within circuit		
Option B:	Set of metal lines that provide the voltages to every part of the circuit		
Option C: Option D:	Set of passive components to test the circuit		
Option D:	Grid to check contacts		
13.	The different models of ESD testing are		
Option A:	Human body ,tube, Charged device		
Option B:	Human body, Machine		
Option C:	Human body, Machine , Charged device		
Option D:	Charged device, Human body, discharged device		
1.4	The much as of MOSEET and in AVA here 1 at item in		
14.	The number of MOSFETs used in 4X4 barrel shifter is		
Option A:	8		
Option B:	16		
Option C:	44		
Option D:	32		
15.	The number of AND gates and OR gates to evaluate carry bits for 8-bit Carry look		
13.	ahead adder are:		
Option A:	72,8		
Option B:	36,16		
Option D:	72,16		
Option D:	36,8		
16.	Which design is preferred in n-bit adder?		
Option A:	many pass transistors with suitable buffer		
Option B:	many pass transistors in series		
Option C:	many pass transistors without suitable buffer		
Option D:	many pass transistors in parallel		
17			
17.	An Antifuse programming technology is predominantly associated with		
Option A:	SPLDs		

Option B:	FPGAs	
Option C:	CPLDs	
Option D:	SOC	
18.	PLA is used to implement	
Option A:	A complex sequential circuit	
Option B:	A simple sequential circuit	
Option C:	A complex combinational circuit	
Option D:	A simple combinational circuit	
19.	In FSM, any bit output not explicitly assigned any value in a state is implicitly	
	assigned	
Option A:	Zero	
Option B:	One	
Option C:	Invalid	
Option D:	Error	
20.	RTL mainly focuses on describing the flow of signals between	
Option A:	Logic gates	
Option B:	Registers	
Option C:	Clock	
Option D:	Inverter	

Q2				
А	Solve any Two			5 marks each
i.	Design Datapath for	parallel FIR filte	er.	
ii.	Draw Mirror full add	er circuit using	CMOS	
iii.	Compare CMOS, Dy	namic CMOS a	nd Domino	logic style
В	Solve any One			10 marks each
i.	Design 4x4 bit NOR based ROM array to store the following data in the			
	given memory location	ons.		
			-	
	Me	mory Address	Data	
	100	00	1010	
	010	00	1110	
	001	0	1001	
	000	)1	1100	
ii.	Design 3-bit carry lo	ok ahead circuit	using pseu	do NMOS. Write propagate
	and generate equation	ns and Write HI	DL program	for it

Q3		
A	Solve any Two	5 marks each
i.	Explain 1-T DRAM with diagram	
ii.	Explain clock distribution scheme	
iii.	Draw and explain ASIC design flow	
В	Solve any One	10 marks each
i.	Design the following	

	<ol> <li>4:1 Mux using Transmission gate</li> <li>Master slave D flip flop using Transmission gate and Tristate buffer</li> </ol>
ii.	Design RTL for laser based distance measure. Draw HLSM, FSM.

## Examination 2020 under cluster 5(Lead College: A.P.Shah Institute of Technology, Thane)

Examinations Commencing from 23<sup>rd</sup> December 2020 to 6<sup>th</sup> January 2021

Program: BE Electronics and Telecommunication Engineering

Curriculum Scheme: Rev/2016

Examination: TE Semester VI

Course Code: ECCDLO6022 and Course Name: Radar Engineering

Time: 2 hour

Q1.	Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks		
1.	Noise figure for a receiver is defined as the ratio of		
Option A:	(S/N) ratio at the input to (S/N)ratio at the output		
Option B:	(S/N) ratio at the output to (S/N)ratio at the Input		
Option C:	S/N ratio at the input		
Option D:	S/N ratio at the output		
2.	Which radarscope plots target echo amplitude versus range on rectangular coordinates for some fixed direction? It is also used primarily for tracking radar applications than for surveillance radars.		
Option A:	PPI Scope		
Option B:	B scope		
Option C:	A scope		
Option D:	F scope		
3.	The conversion loss of a mixer is defined as		
Option A:	Ratio of available RF power to available IF power		
Option B:	Ratio of available IF power to available RF power		
Option C:	Product of available RF and IF power		
Option D:	sum of available RF and IF power		
4.	The intensity modulated map like circular display that gives target location in polar coordinates		
Option A:	F scope		
Option B:	A scope		
Option C:	B scope		
Option D:	PPI		
5.	One of the following is a crossed field device		
Option A:	Magnetron		
Option B:	Travelling wave Tube		
Option C:	Two cavity klystron		
Option D:	Reflex klystron		
•			
6.	Cross-field amplifier (CFA) is vary close associate of		
Option A:	magnetron		
Option B:	Helix Travelling wave tube		

Option C:	Multicavity Klystron		
Option D:	Coupled cavity TWT		
7.	The phase velocity of RF field's axial component in the TWT slow-wave structure is		
Option A:	equal to the velocity of the electrons		
Option B:	slightly less than the velocity of the electrons		
Option C:	slightly greater than the velocity of the electrons		
Option D:	equal to the velocity of light in vacuum		
•			
8.	The main advantage of TWT over a multi-cavity klystron is		
Option A:	greater bandwidth		
Option B:	more efficient		
Option C:	higher number of modes		
Option D:	higher output power		
9.	Repellar electrode is associated with which microwave tube		
Option A:	Reflex Klystron		
Option B:	Multicavity klystron		
Option C:	Gyroton		
Option D:	Cross field amplifier		
10.	The oscillating frequencies of different modes of magnetrons are not same and are quite		
	close to each other, which results in		
Option A:	helping focusing		
Option B:	providing attenuation		
Option C:	improving bunching		
Option D:	Mode Jumping		
11			
11.	is a single cavity klystron tube that operates as on oscillator by using a reflected		
Ortion A.	electrode after the cavity. Backward wave oscillator		
Option A:	Reflex klystron		
Option B:			
Option C: Option D:	Travelling wave Tube Magnetron		
Option D:	Magnetron		
12.	Magnetrons are commonly used as radar transmitters because		
Option A:	it is easily cooled		
Option A: Option B:	it is light		
Option C:	it is light it is a handy device		
Option D:	high power can be generated and transmitted to aerial directly from oscillator		
Option D.			
13.	Sequential lobing means		
Option A:	Switching antenna beam alternatively between two positions		
Option B:	Range detection		
Option C:	Measure of velocity		
Option D:	Measure of Doppler Shift		
C public D.			
14.	The radar that uses more than one beam simultaneously to measure the angular position		
	of the target on a single pulse is		
Option A:	lobe switching		
-			

Option B:	sequential lobing		
Option D:	conical scan		
Option C:			
Option D:	monopulse		
1.5			
15.	Glint means		
Option A:	Range accuracy		
Option B:	Target phase fluctuations		
Option C:	Phase inaccuracy		
Option D:	Velocity fluctuations		
16.	The following technique keeps the beam pointed at the target to improve angle accuracy		
	and it is based on the principle that the radar receiver will get maximum returned signal		
	strength.		
Option A:	Lobe switching or sequential switching		
Option B:	Monopulse		
Option C:	Conical Scan		
Option D:	Low angle tracking		
17.	Tracking information is obtained by		
Option A:	Stationary beam		
Option B:	Scanning the beam		
Option C:	Suitable receiver		
Option D:	Suitable beamwidth of stationary beam		
•			
18.	Phase difference between adjacent resonators in an N-resonator travelling magnetron		
	given by, where n is an integer		
Option A:	$(2\pi/N)$ radians		
Option B:	(2πn/N) radians		
Option C:	2πn radians		
Option D:	n/N radians		
19.	The most serious drawback of Solid state sources is its		
Option A:	Low Power		
Option B:	long, failure free life		
Option C:	amplitude control of the transmitted waveform		
Option D:	wide bandwidth		
20.	The following is not used as a TWT slow-wave structure		
Option A:	coupled cavity		
Option B:	Helix line		
Option B: Option C:	corrugated waveguides		
<b>*</b>			
Option D:	periodic permanent magnet		

Q2.	Solve any Two Questions out of Three	10 marks each
А	What do you mean by radar cross section (RCS)? E	xplain RCS of sphere.
В	Derive radar range equation.	
С	Describe probability of detection and false alarm ir	ı radar system.
Q3.	Solve any Two Questions out of Three	10 marks each

А	Describe receiver noise and signal to noise ratio in RADAR.
В	Describe radar frequencies and various radar applications.
С	Draw and explain the RADAR block diagram.

# University of Mumbai Examination 2020 under cluster 5 (Lead College: APSIT)

Program: Electronics & Telecommunications Curriculum Scheme: Rev 2016 Examination: TE Semester VI

Course Code: ECCDLO6024 and Course Name: Audio Processing

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Time: 2 hours

Max. Marks: 80

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Q1.	Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks
1.	Voiced sounds are
Option A:	Noisy
Option B:	Loud
Option D:	Periodic
Option D:	Non-periodic
Option D.	
2.	Which of the following is done to convert a continuous time signal into discrete time signal?
Option A:	Differentiating
Option B:	Sampling
Option C:	Integrating
Option D:	Modulating
3.	In discrete time model of speech production, the voiced sounds are synthesized as
Option A:	Train of pulses
Option B:	Random noise generator
Option C:	Train of periodic pulses
Option D:	Triangular wave generator
4.	The resonant frequencies of Vocal tract tube are called
Option A:	Resonants
Option B:	Variants
Option C:	Formants
Option D:	Pitch
~	
5.	The sampled frequency less than the Nyquist rate is called
Option A:	under sampling
Option B:	over sampling
Option C:	critical sampling
Option D:	Nyquist sampling
6.	For a given speech bandwidth, the minimum sampling rate is fixed by thetheorem.
Option A:	Chirp
Option B:	Goertzel
Option C:	Sampling

Option D:	Parseval's
7.	The commonly used uniform quantizers are:
Option A:	Midtread and start tread
Option B:	Midriser and Midtread
Option C:	Midriser and Start riser
Option D:	Midtread and start riser
8.	The process of multiplication of a speech signal by a window which yields a set of speech samples weighted by the shape of the window is called
Option A:	Quantizing
Option B:	Windowing
Option C:	Filtering
Option D:	Sampling
9.	We expect the short time energy to reflect the
Option A:	amplitude variations of speech signal
Option B:	type of speech
Option C:	frequency variations of speech signal
Option D:	phase variations of speech signal
10.	Spectrum flatteners are used to
Option A:	Widen the spectrum
Option R:	Remove the effects of vocal tract transfer function
Option D:	Flatten the spectrum
Option D:	For center clipping
- 1	
11.	If the zero-crossing rate is high, the speech signal is generally
Option A:	Voiced
Option B:	Unvoiced
Option C:	Loud
Option D:	Dependent on the speaker
12.	The is a function of time and frequency that indicates how the
	spectral content of a signal evolves over time.
Option A:	STFT
Option B:	DFT
Option C:	FFT
Option D:	DTFT
13.	It is convenient to determine the response of a linear system to a supermedition of
13.	It is convenient to determine the response of a linear system to a superposition of sinusoids or complex exponentials using
Option A:	Laplace representation
Option R:	Z domain representation
Option C:	Goertzel theorem
Option D:	Fourier representation
14.	The disadvantage of Fourier Transforms (FT, DTFT, DFT) is that they do not clearly indicate how the of a signal changes with time.

Option A:	Amplitude
Option B:	Frequency
Option D:	Gain
Option D:	Energy
Option D.	
15.	The similarity between Fourier transform and z transform is that
Option A:	Both convert discrete time domain signal to frequency domain
Option B:	Both convert digital signal to analog signal
Option C:	Both convert analog to digital signal
Option D:	Both convert sine to cosine waves
16.	Neural Networks have interconnections of processing elements known as
Option A:	Weights
Option B:	Neurons
Option C:	Axons
Option D:	Soma
17.	Difference signal x(n)-x(n-1) is quantized in
Option A:	a differential coding
Option B:	a uniform quantizing
Option C:	instantaneous companding
Option D:	step processing
18.	Most energy in voiced speech is at frequency.
Option A:	Low
Option B:	High
Option C:	High and very high
Option D:	Low and high
19.	The fundamental frequency of the vocal fold vibrations during voiced sounds is
	called
Option A:	Resonants
Option B:	Formants
Option C:	Glides
Option D:	Pitch
<b></b>	
20.	Which of the following is common independent variable for speech signal
Option A:	Time
Option B:	Spatial coordinates
Option C:	Force
Option D:	Pressure

Q2	Solve any Four out of Six	5 marks each
А	Draw the source system model of a speech production sy	vstem.
В	Explain how vowels and diphthongs are produced.	
С	What are the advantages of short and long windows?	
D	What are the applications of speech recognition?	
Е	Explain the use of short time average magnitude differen	ce function.
F	Compare STFT with FT.	

Q3	Solve any Four out of Six	5 marks each
A	Which features can be used for speech and silence discr	imination?
В	Explain basic discrete signals.	
С	What is a vowel triangle?	
D	What is the need of quantizing speech signals?	
E	What are the applications of neural networks in speech	processing?
F	What is the need of auditory modeling?	

**Examination 2020 under cluster 5 (Lead College: APSIT)** 

Examinations Commencing from 23<sup>rd</sup> December 2020 to 6<sup>th</sup> January 2021 and from 7<sup>th</sup> January 2021

to 20<sup>th</sup> January 2021

Program: Electronics and Telecommunication Engineering

Curriculum Scheme: Rev 2016

Examination: Third Year Semester VI

Course Code: ECC601 and Course Name: Microcontrollers and Applications

Time: 2 hour

Q1. (40 Marks)	Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks
1.	How many clock cycle are present in one machine cycle of microcontroller 8051 ?
Option A:	4
Option B:	6
Option C:	8
Option D:	12
2.	Port's Names of 8051 are
Option A:	PA, PB, PC Upper and PC lower
Option B:	PA, PB, PC, and PD
Option C:	P0, P1, P2 and P3
Option D:	P0 and P1
3.	Microcontroller 8051 has bit data bus
Option A:	8
Option B:	16
Option C:	20
Option D:	12
4.	In 8051, which of the following interrupt doesn't clear interrupt flag bit
	automatically after jumping to interrupt vector?
Option A:	External hardware interrupt -0 (INT0)
Option B:	Serial Communication interrupt
Option C:	Timer-0
Option D:	External hardware interrupt-1 (INT1)
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5.	TB8 bit of SCON register of 8051 is
Option A:	Timer interrupt bit
Option B:	Timer-2 with auto reload bit
Option C:	9th bit of data
Option D:	Stop bit of data frame
6.	In 8051, which instruction is of Register indirect Addressing mode?
Option A:	MOV R0,40H
Option A:	MOV A,R0
Option B: Option C:	MOV A, @R0
Option C.	MOVA, ENU

Option D:	MOV A,#30H
7.	In 8051, what is the result in A after execution of instruction ADD A,#0EBH if
	A=45H
Option A:	35H
Option B:	30H
Option C:	13H
Option D:	33H
8.	In 8051, "MUL AB" instruction generates result of size
Option A:	8bit
Option B:	32bit
Option C:	16bit
Option D:	10bit
9.	In 8051, meaning of instruction CJNE A,B,NOT_EQUAL is
Option A:	Compare A & B
Option B:	Compare A & B & jump label NOT_EQUAL
Option C:	Compare A & B if not equal jump to label NOT_EQUAL
Option D:	Compare A & B & declare as NOT_EQUAL
10.	An 8051 based microcontroller has operating frequency = $12 \text{ MHz}$ , external
	program memory = $32$ KB, external data memory = $32$ KB and chip size = $8$ KB.
	How may chips will be required?
Option A:	4
Option B:	256 8
Option C: Option D:	32
Option D.	52
11.	In 8051, for a TMOD register, Timer / Counter 0, Mode1. For this selection TMOD
11.	register should be set to ?
Option A:	01H
Option B:	FCH
Option C:	4BH
Option D:	82H
12.	Which line will instruct that the LCD that the microcontroller is sending
	command/data?
Option A:	DB0
Option B:	RW
Option C:	RS
Option D:	EN
13.	In ARM processor, the highest exception priority is given to
Option A:	Prefetch Abort
Option B:	Reset
Option C:	FIQ
Option D:	IRQ
14.	What do you mean by 'Banked registers'?

Option A:	Collection of registers
Option B:	Accessing different group of registers through program
Option D:	Additional group of registers that can be used if needed
Option D:	Access to the limited number of registers based on the mode of operation
Option D.	Access to the minica number of registers based on the mode of operation
15.	If I flag in CPSR is '1', then which of the following statement is correct?
Option A:	IRQ is enabled
Option B:	FIQ is enabled
Option C:	IRQ is disabled
Option D:	FIQ is disabled
16.	Which flag is not there in ARM-7?
Option A:	Zero
Option B:	Carry
Option C:	Overflow
Option D:	Auxiliary Carry
17.	In ARM, after execution of the RSB r3, r1, r2 instruction, result will be stored in
Option A:	r1 register
Option B:	r2 register
Option C:	r3 register
Option D:	Accumulator register
18.	In ARM, RSC r0, r1, r2 instruction will perform following operation
Option A:	r0:=r2-r1-!C
Option B:	r0:=r2-r1+!C
Option C:	r0:=r2+r1+C-1
Option D:	r0:=r2-r1+C-2
19.	To control the direction of control pins in LPC2148, command is used.
Option A:	IOCLR
Option B:	IOPIN
Option C:	IODIR
Option D:	IOSET
20.	In PWM 10% duty cycle means that the signal is
Option A:	ON for 90% of the period and OFF the other 10%.
Option B:	ON for 10% of the period and OFF the other 10%.
Option C:	ON for 90% of the period and OFF the other 90%.
Option D:	ON for 10% of the period and OFF the other 90%.

Q2.	Solve any Two Questions out of Three10 marks	each
(20 Marks)		
А	Explain 8051 timer using TMOD and block diagram.	
В	Suppose common cathode 7-segment display is interfaced with 8 Develop Assembly language program for 8051 to display 0 to 9 dec numbers on 7-segment display with some delay between two numbers.	cimal
С	Draw and explain data flow model of ARM7.	

Q3.	Solve any Two Questions out of Three10 marks each
(20 Marks Each)	
A	Explain Interrupt structure of 8051.
В	Develop an ARM assembly language program to read two 32 numbers bit numbers stored consecutively starting at 0x40000000. Add, subtract and multiply the two numbers and store result in next consecutive memory location starting 0x40000008.
С	Explain ARM addressing modes of ARM7 Processor with example in each.

**Examination 2020 under cluster 5 (Lead College: APSIT)** 

Examinations Commencing from 23<sup>rd</sup> December 2020 to 6<sup>th</sup> January 2021

Program: Electronics & Telecommunication

Curriculum Scheme: Rev 2016

Examination: TE Semester VI

Course Code: ECC 602 and Course Name: Computer Communication Network (CCN) Time: 2 hour Max. Marks: 80

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Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions are Q1. compulsory and carry equal marks 1. ..... protocol is a popular example of a link-state routing protocol. Option A: SPF BGP Option B: Option C: RIP Option D: **OSPF** 2. The physical layer translates logical communication requests from the ..... into hardware specific operations Option A: data link layer Option B: network layer Option C: transport layer Option D: application layer 3. In TDM, the transmission rate of the multiplexed path is usually the sum of the signal sources. Option A: greater than Option B: less than Option C: equal to Option D: not related to What is the length of TTL field in IPv4 header format? 4. Option A: 8 bits 16 bits Option B: Option C: 4 bits Option D: 12 bits Wi-MAX stands for 5. Option A: wireless maximum communication Option B: worldwide interoperability for microwave access Option C: worldwide international standard for microwave access Option D: wireless internet maximum communication 6. ICMP stands for Option A: Internet Coordinate Message Protocol Option B: Internet Control Message Protocol Option C: Interconnect Control Message Protocol

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Option D:	Interconnect Coordinate Message Protocol
7.	In TCP, one end can stop sending data while still receiving data This is called a
Option A:	half-close
Option R:	half-open
Option C:	one-way termination
Option D:	both way termination
Option D.	
8.	Find the class of address 14.23.120.8.
Option A:	Class B
Option B:	Class C
Option C:	Class A
Option D:	Class D
9.	In HDLC, the S-frame does not contain which field?
Option A:	Flag
Option B:	Address
Option C:	Information
Option D:	Control
10.	Each connection in the TCP connection management Finite State Machine is in thestate initially.
Option A:	LISTEN
Option B:	CONNECT
Option C:	CLOSED
Option D:	ESTABLISHED
11.	The maximum throughput for pure ALOHA is
Option A:	12.2
Option B:	18.4
Option C:	36.8
Option D:	33.8
12.	The physical layer concerns with
Option A:	bit-by-bit delivery
Option B:	process to process delivery
Option C:	application to application delivery
Option D:	segment by segment
13.	Which of the following tasks is not done by data link layer?
Option A:	framing
Option A: Option B:	error control
Option C:	flow control
Option D:	channel coding
14.	The frames used for exchanging session management and control information between
	communicating devices in HDLC are
Option A:	I-frame
Option B:	U-frame
Option C:	S-frame

Option D:	A-frame
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15.	To deliver a message to the correct application program running on a host, which
	address must be consulted?
Option A:	Port
Option B:	IP
Option C:	MAC
Option D:	Checksum
•	
16.	Which transmission media has the highest transmission speed in a network?
Option A:	coaxial cable
Option B:	twisted pair cable
Option C:	optical fiber
Option D:	electrical cable
17.	In, the chance of collision can be reduced if a station senses the medium before
	trying to use it.
Option A:	CSMA
Option B:	MA
Option C:	CDMA
Option D:	FDMA
18.	In the method, the stations in a network are organized in a logical ring.
Option A:	polling
Option B:	token passing
Option C:	reservation
Option D:	Checksum
19.	In IPv4, which class has the greatest number of addresses in each block?
Option A:	C
Option B:	D
Option C:	В
Option D:	Α
20.	Which of the following is false with respect to TCP?
Option A:	Connection-Oriented
Option B:	Process-To-Process
Option C:	Transport Layer Protocol
Option D:	Unreliable

Q2. (20 Marks)	
А	Solve any Two5 marks each
i.	Explain Connection establishment in TCP using three way handshaking.
ii.	Explain any one scheduling method used in Medium access control.
iii.	What is data transparency? How it can be overcome using bit stuffing.
В	Solve any One10 marks each
i.	Explain the OSI-RM model and functions of each layer.
ii.	Explain Distance Vector Algorithm.

Q3.(20 Marks )		
А	Solve any Two	5 marks each
i.	Explain Selective repeat ARQ protocol.	
ii.	List and explain various Timers in TCP.	
iii.	Explain DSL.	
В	Solve any One	10 marks each
i.	Explain the Classfull addresses of IPV4 with net-id and ho	ost-id
ii.	Explain Congestion control in TCP.	

**Examination 2020 under cluster 5 (Lead College: APSIT)** 

Examinations Commencing from 23<sup>rd</sup> December 2020 to 6<sup>th</sup> January 2021 and from 7<sup>th</sup> January 2021

to 20<sup>th</sup> January 2021

Program: Electronics and Telecommunication

Curriculum Scheme: Rev2016

Examination: TE Semester VI

Course Code: ECC603 and Course Name: Antenna and Radio Wave Propagation

Time: 2 hour

Q1.	Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions are compulsory and carry two marks.
1.	According to Webster's dictionary, what is an antenna?
Option A:	Impedance matching device
Option B:	Sensor of electromagnetic waves
Option C:	Transducer between guided wave & free space wave
Option D:	Metallic device for radiating or receiving radio waves
2.	Which theorem can be applied to both circuit and field theories?
Option A:	Equality of patterns
Option B:	Equality of impedance
Option C:	Equality of effective lengths
Option D:	Reciprocity theorem
3.	Fresnel region exists when
Option A:	$R \le 0.62\sqrt{(D^3/\lambda)}$
Option B:	$R \ge 0.62\sqrt{(D^3/\lambda)}$ and $R < (2D^2)/\lambda$
Option C:	$R \ge (2D^2) / \lambda$
Option D:	$R \ge 0.62\sqrt{(D^3/\lambda)}$
4.	The beam width for a half wave dipole antenna is :
Option A:	90°
Option B:	180°
Option C:	50°
Option D:	250°
5.	Under which conditions of charge does the radiation occur through a wire
	antenna?
Option A:	For a charge with no motion
Option B:	For a charge moving with uniform velocity with straight & infinite wire
Option C:	For a charge oscillating in time motion
Option D:	For a charge with uniform motion
б.	Dipole antenna is symmetrical in nature where the two ends are at equal
	potentials with respect to point.
Option A:	Initial
Option B:	Eventual
Option C:	Mid

Option D:	Final
7.	What would happen if the rms value of induced emf in loop acquires an angle $\theta =$
7.	what would happen if the first value of induced entrin hoop acquires an angle $0 - 90^{\circ}$ :
Option A:	Wave is incident in direction of plane of the loop with induced maximum voltage
Option B:	Wave is incident normal to plane of the loop with no induced voltage
Option C:	Wave is incident in opposite direction of plane of the loop with minimum voltage
Option D:	Wave is incident in Parallel direction of plane of the loop with minimum voltage
8.	An Array antennas are mostly used in
Option A:	Mobile phone
Option B:	Wi-Fi
Option C:	Weather forecasting
Option D:	Bluetooth
9.	In Yagi-Uda antenna, most preferred feed (driven) element is
Option A:	Folded dipole
Option B:	Dipole
Option C:	Monopole
Option D:	Microstrip
10.	In N identical element uniform array antenna, by only changing the phase of each
	element,
Option A:	gain increase
Option B:	gain decrease
Option C:	direction of radiation pattern unchanged
Option D:	direction of radiation pattern change
11.	In an uniform End-fire array antenna, to avoid any grating lobes, the maximum
11.	spacing (dmax) between the elements should be
Option A:	$dmax > \lambda/2.$
Option B:	$dmax < \lambda$ .
Option C:	$dmax < \lambda/2.$
Option D:	$dmax > 2\lambda$ .
12.	Driven element in Yagi-Uda antenna is use to provide
Option A:	Voltage amplification
Option B:	Power amplification
Option C:	Temperature control
Option D:	Impedance matching
13.	Horn is treated as a/an antenna.
Option A:	linear
Option B:	planar
Option C:	aperture
Option D:	array
14.	If the corner reflector antenna is used as a passive target for radar or
	communication applications, it will return the signal exactly in the same direction

	as it received it when its included angle is
Option A:	45 deg
-	
Option B:	90 deg
Option C:	180 deg
Option D:	0 deg
1.5	
<u>15.</u>	Microstrip antennas have efficiency
Option A:	High
Option B:	low
Option C:	excellent
Option D:	moderate
16.	Major operational disadvantage of microstrip antennas is
Option A:	poor polarization purity
Option B:	low profile
Option C:	conformable to planar and nonplanar surfaces
Option D:	mechanically robust
17.	Which layer has the atmospheric conditions exactly opposite to that of standard
	atmosphere?
Option A:	Depression layer
Option B:	Regression layer
Option C:	Inversion layer
Option D:	Invasion layer
18.	By which name/s is an ionospheric propagation, also known as?
Option A:	Sea wave propagation
Option B:	Ground wave propagation
Option C:	Sky wave propagation
Option D:	Ultra Wave propagation
19.	Formation of Ionization Layers, namely D, E and F layers, where D region
	heights ranges from
Option A:	50 to 90 Km
Option B:	90 to 140 Km
Option C:	140 to 250 Km
Option D:	250 to 400Km
20.	What is the highest layer of the atmosphere?
Option A:	ionosphere
Option B:	stratosphere
Option C:	ozone layer
<b>*</b>	*
Option D:	troposphere

Q2	
А	Solve any Two     5 marks each
i.	Describe different lobes of an antenna radiation pattern with appropriate diagram.
ii.	Draw and explain Yagi-Uda antenna.
iii.	With neat diagram explain parabolic reflector antenna.
В	Solve any One     10 marks each
i.	Given, a broadside array of 10 elements, each separated by distance $\lambda/4$ . Find all nulls, maxima, half power point and minor lobe maxima of the array.
ii.	Derive expression for power radiated and radiation resistance of small dipole antenna.

Q3	
А	Solve any Two5 marks each
i.	With neat diagram explain polarization measurement.
ii.	Draw and explain rectangular Horn antenna, list applications of the same.
iii.	What are different feed mechanisms of microstrip antenna, explain any one with neat diagram.
В	Solve any One10 marks each
i.	What is space wave propagation? In this propagation, if height of transmitter and receiver antennas are 600m and 500 m respectively, find the maximum distance between them over which LOS link will work.
ii.	Draw and explain helical antenna with radiation pattern and both modes.

Т