University of Mumbai

Examinations Summer 2022

Program: Electronics & Telecommunication Curriculum Scheme: Rev 2019_C Scheme

Examination: TE Semester VI

Course Code: ECC 602 Course Name: Computer Communication Network (CCN)
Time: 2 hour 30 minutes Max. Marks: 80

Q1.	Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks
1.	Which of this is not a guided media?
OptionA:	Fiber optical cable
OptionB:	Coaxial cable
OptionC:	Copper wire Copper wire
OptionD:	Wireless LAN
2.	Errol control and flow control are the functions of the following layer of OS model.
Option A:	Application
Option B:	Session
Option C:	Data link layer
Option D:	Presentation
3.	work at the network layer of the OSI model.
Option A:	Bridges
Option B:	A Hubs P D D P P P D D P P P P P P P P P P P
Option C:	Routers
Option D:	Gateways Color of the Color of
649	Which of following protocols is used by IP for generating error reports
Option A:	ICMP
Option B:	IGMP
Option C:	IGRP
Option D:	ARP
800888 885: 78	device is used to regenerate the signals at physical layer.
Option A:	Repeater Repeater
Option B:	Switch
Option C:	Bridge
Option D:	Router
6.00	Which of the following is not an application layer protocol
Option A:	IP
Option B:	SMTP
Option C:	HTTP
Option C:	DNS
Option D.	
\$ 5 TO \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Find the class of address 14.23.120.8.

Class A
Class C
Class B
Class D
Telnet is used for
Assigning IP address to a host
Remote Login
Assigning name to an IP address
Video Compression
Which of the following layers support process to process communication?
Network layer
Data link layer
Session layer
Transport layer
Which of the following protocols provides email service?
HTTP SOOUTH SOOUTH SOOT OF SOO
SMTP NO SOLUTION OF THE STATE OF THE SMTP
FTP SANGERS OF THE SA
TFTP SANGE AS SOLVER STORE STO

Q2	(20Marks Each)	
A	Solveany Two 5markseach	
i.	Explain in detail Digital Subscriber Line (DSL).	
ii.	Compare logical address and physical address.	
iii. 🔬	Explain the OSI-reference model and functions of each layer.	
B	SolveanyOne 10 marks each	
10.00	Explain the different error reporting messages in ICMP with message form	nat.
ii	Compare IPv4 and IPv6	

Q3	(20 Marks Each)	
	Solveany Two	5 marks each
	The following is the dump of TCP header in hexade 00000001 00000000 500207FF 00000000	ecimal format:05320017
	1) What is the source port number?2) What is the destination port number?	
	3) What is the destination port number?	
	4) What is the acknowledgement number?	
6 6 6 6 6	5) What is the length of the header?	
ii.	Differentiate between Bus Topology and Ring Topolog	gy.
iii.	Explain Three-Way Handshaking for connection es	tablishment in TCP
B	Solve any One	10 marks each
	Explain HDLC frame format and the control frame	es with neat diagrams.
500 000 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	Explain bit stuffing in HDLC.	
	Classify transmission media. List the applications of ea	ach. Compare Twisted pair

cable, Coaxial cable and Fiber optical cable.		9	0			15		Ö.	7		3	1	00	8) <	Ś	?	1	0)	J			1
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Q4	(20 Marks Each)	
A	Solve any Two	5 marks each
i.	Explain Selective Repeat ARQ.	
ii.	Explain the transition states of	DHCP with a neat diagram.
iii.	Compare RIP and OSPF unic	ast routing protocols.
В	Solve any One	10 marks each
i.	needs to distribute this address Group I: The first group has 6 Group II: The second group has 6 Design the subblocks and find these allocations. Group III:128 customers each	ash notation for each sub block. Find how many
ii.	What are the Hardware network	devices? Explain any four in details.

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Q1) Choose the correct option from the following questions. Each question carries equal marks.
(20 marks)
1) The ratio of maximum power density in the desired direction to the average power radiated from
the antenna is called as
A Directivity
B Directive gain
C Power gain
D Partial directivity
2) If the length of the dipole decreases then the radiation resistance will
A Increase
B Decrease
C Depends on current distribution
D Not change
3) If charges +Q and -Q are existing in some medium then the electric field intensity will terminate
at X P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P
A At origin
B At +Q
C At -Q
D At infinity
4) Using Stoke's theorem we convert integration into integration
A Line, surface
B Line, volume
C Single, triple
D Volume, line
2 6 8 4 4 4 4 6 6 4 4 4 6 6 4 4 8 6 6 6 6
5) $\nabla^2 V =$ is the Laplace's equation
A 0
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
SOBY SON
8, 4, 6, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8,
AND CALES SON SON SON SON SON SON SON SON SON SO
6) Using boundary conditions, one can calculate component.
A Tangential and normal
B Only tangential
C Only normal
D Sequential and Tangential
O Sequential and Tangential
7) If the distance between the transmitting and receiving antenna is decreased by factor 2 while
factors remain same, then the new power received by the antenna
A Increases by factor 2

D Decreases by factor 4
8) Which of the following is true for circular polarization?
A $E_x = E_y$ and $\varphi = \frac{\pi}{2}$
$E_x = E_y $ and $\varphi = \frac{\pi}{4}$
$C E_x \neq E_y \text{ and } \varphi = \frac{\pi}{2}$
$E_x \neq E_y \text{ and } \varphi = \frac{\pi}{4}$
9) Gauss's law for the electric field is given by
$ A \qquad \nabla \cdot D = 0 $
$B \nabla x D = \rho_{v}$
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
$ \nabla \cdot D = \rho_v $
10) In yagi Uda, the length of the director compared to the driven element is
A Greater
B Smaller C Independent to each other
D Depends on the type driven element
Q2) Solve any two. (20.)
2a)Define maximum usable frequency and skip distance. Derive maximum usable frequency in terms
of skip distance and virtual height.
2b) Write short note on parabolic reflector antenna. Describe feeding techniques of parabolic reflector array.
2c) State and explain Coulomb's law in electrostatics. A point charge Q1 = $2mC$ is located in free space at P1(-3,7,-4) while Q2 = $5 nC$ is at P2(2,4,-1). Find force on Q2 by Q1 and vice versa.
Q3) Solve any two
(20) 3a) Derive array factor of N-element linear array, where all elements are equally fed and spaced. Also find the expression for the position of principle maxima, nulls and secondary maxima.
3b) Discuss elctric field and magnetiv field boundary conditions at the interface of two mediums with relavant mathematical equations.
3c) Describe the space wave propagation and derive relation for maximum distance between transmitting and receiving antenna. Earth is assumed to be flat.
Q4) Solve any two. (20 marks)
64A6A B6403 A4A6CB48000E133710505E

B Decreases by factor 2 C Increases by factor 4

- 4a) Derive Maxwell's equation in point form and integral form.
- 4b) Design a rectangular microstrip patch antenna with dimensions W and L over a single substrate whose center frequency is 2.4 GHz. The dielectric constant of the substrate is 4.4 and the height of the substrate is 1.6 mm. Determine the physical dimensions W and L (in cm) of the patch, taking into account fringing field.
- 4c) Describe what is fading. What are the different types of fading. Explain each of them in details.

University of Mumbai

Examinations Summer FH2022

Program: Electronics and Telecommunication Engineering

Curriculum Scheme: Rev2019 Examination: TE Semester VI

Course Code: ECC603 and Course Name: Image Processing Machine Vision

Time: 2 hours 30 minutes

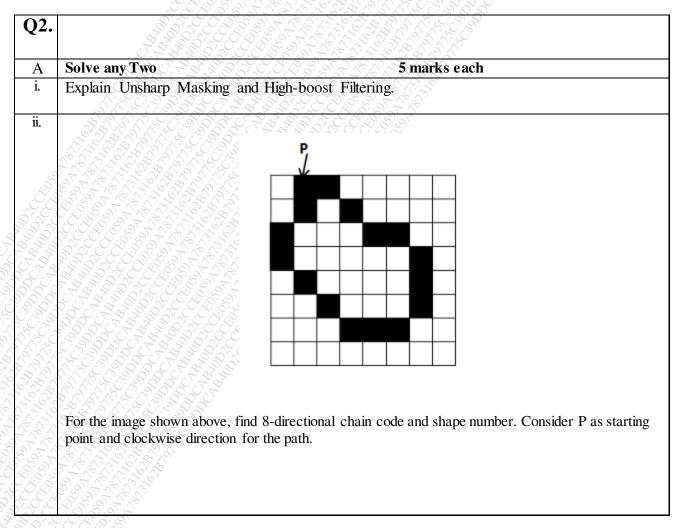
Max. Marks: 80

Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions are compulsory and Q1. carry equal marks. State the option clearly in your answer-book. 1. Equalized histogram of digital image is always: Option A: Almost uniformly distributed over [0, L-1] Option B: Exactly uniformly distributed over [0, L-1] Option C: Concentrated in lower side of [0, L-1] Option D: Concentrated in higher side of [0, L-1] 2. Spatial domain techniques used for a. Using complete dynamic range b. Binarizing a digital image, respectively, are Option A: a) Log transformation b) contrast stretching Option B: a) Contrast stretching b) thresholding function Option C: a) Image negative function b) Log transformation Option D: a) Thresholding function b) contrast stretching If the standard deviation of pixels is positive, then the sub image is labelled as Option A: Red Option B: White Option C: Green Option D: Black 4. Increasing radius of the white circle in the Low Pass filter employed in frequency domain enhancement of digital images, results in Option A: More blurred image Option B: More sharpened image Option C: Clearer image with more details Option D: Darker image with thin details A Support Vector Machine can be best described as 5. Option A: A machine learning algorithm used in pattern recognition Option B: A pattern recognition algorithm used in object recognition Option C: A neural network algorithm used for supervised learning Option D: A machine learning algorithm used for classification/regression The major difference between Image Enhancement and Image Restoration is that 6. Option A: Enhancement is an objective process and Restoration is a subjective process Option B: Enhancement uses filtering techniques while Restoration uses morphological techniques. Option C: Restoration is an objective process and Enhancement is a subjective process

Restoration uses filtering techniques while Enhancement uses morphological techniques.

Option D:

7	
7.	Segmentation is usually not perfect due to number of factors such as
Option A:	Noise and bad illumination
Option B:	object contains several regions
Option C:	boundary-filling boundary-filling
Option D:	closed contour
8.	The method used for point detection is
Option A:	Second derivative
Option B:	First Derivative
Option C:	Third Derivative
Option D:	Fourth Derivative
	\$2476 \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\
9.	Which of the following is process of partition the digital image into multiple regions
Option A:	Merging COS STATE OF THE STATE
Option B:	
	Filling
Option C:	Transform
Option C: Option D:	
Option D:	Transform Splitting
Option D:	Transform Splitting Signature of a circle as a shape is
Option D: 10. Option A:	Transform Splitting Signature of a circle as a shape is a triangular waveform
Option D: 10. Option A: Option B:	Transform Splitting Signature of a circle as a shape is a triangular waveform a 45-degree line
Option D: 10. Option A: Option B: Option C:	Transform Splitting Signature of a circle as a shape is a triangular waveform a 45-degree line a square waveform
Option D: 10. Option A: Option B:	Transform Splitting Signature of a circle as a shape is a triangular waveform a 45-degree line
Option D: 10. Option A: Option B: Option C:	Transform Splitting Signature of a circle as a shape is a triangular waveform a 45-degree line a square waveform



Show the segmentation of the following image using split-and-merge technique. В 10 marks each **Solve any One** Explain the principle of spatial domain filtering. Perform averaging operation using 3 by 3 mask on the image given below. Use zero padded image for performing averaging operation. 3 4 1 3 5 ii. Obtain equalized histogram for the following distribution. Intensity 0 4 5 40 Number 70 40 100 10 70 10 60 of pixels Q3. A Solve any Two 5 marks each Justify/contradict: Shape numbers are rotation invariant representations of shape contours. î. Compare Ideal, Butterworth and Gaussian filtering. ĭi. Obtain 2-D DFT of the following digital image. iii. 2 2 1 3 2 2 1 4 3 4 **PTO**

В		
В		
	Solve any One	10 marks each
i.		g image with the given structuring element and closing of the with the same structuring element.
	SE:	Image:
	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$	$f(x,y) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$
ii.	Illustrate K-means algorithm wi	ith a suitable example.
Q4.		
A	Solve any Two	5 marks each
i.	Justify/contradict: A deviation in hyperplane.	n the position of support vectors does not affect the classification
ii.	Derive Haar transform for N=4.	
iii.	State principles of Object Recog	gnition and explain techniques used at each step of object recognition.
В	Solve any One	10 marks each
i.	Draw and explain model of imag	ge degradation.
i . 0	Explain Canny edge detection al	lgorithm in detail with proper schematics.
	S C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	END OF QUESTION PAPER

Program: BE Electronics and Telecommunication Engineering

Curriculum Scheme: Revised 2019 Examination: Third Year VI Semester

Course Code: ECC604 and Course Name: Artificial Neural Networks and Fuzzy Logic

Time: 2 Hour and 30 Min Max. Marks: 80

Note to the students: - All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks.

Q1.	XOR problem is exceptionally interesting to neural network researchers because
Option A:	It can be expressed in a way that allows you to use a neural network
Option B:	It is complex binary operation that cannot be solved using neural networks
Option C:	It can be solved by a single layer perceptron
Option D:	It is the simplest linearly inseparable problem that exists.
1	
Q2.	The network that involves backward links from output to the input and hidden layers is called as
Option A:	Self-organizing maps
Option B:	Perceptron
Option C:	Recurrent neural network
Option D:	Multi layered perceptron
	\$\\ \alpha \\ \a
Q3.	Automated vehicle is an example of
Option A:	Supervised Learning
Option B:	Unsupervised Learning
Option C:	Kohonen Learning
Option D:	Reinforcement Learning
•	
Q4.	In an Unsupervised learning
Option A:	Specific output values are given
Option B:	Specific output values are not given
Option C:	No specific Inputs are given
Option D:	Both inputs and outputs are given
3 8 6 E	7077867080
Q5.	computes the output volume by computing dot product between all filters and image patch.
Option A:	Input Layer
Option B:	Convolution Layer
Option C:	Activation Function Layer
Option D:	Pool Layer
300 × 50	\$\text{C}\sqrt{S}\delta\
Q6.	If an input image is a matrix of size 28 X 28 and a kernel/filter of size 7 X 7 with a stride of 1. What will be the size of the convoluted matrix?
Option A:	20 x 20
Option B:	26 x 26
Option C:	24 x 24
Option D:	22 x 22
	2 X X X
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	

Q7.	In a simple Multi-layer Perceptron neural network model with 10 neurons in the
	input layer, 4 neurons in the hidden layer and 1 neuron in the output layer. What is
	the size of the weight matrices between hidden output layer and input hidden
	layer?
Option A:	[1 X 4], [4 X 10]
Option B:	[4 X 1], [10 X 4]
Option C:	[10 X 4], [4 X 1]
Option D:	[10 X 4], [1 X 4]
Q8.	In a fuzzy set, the membership function generally in ranges
Option A:	10-100
Option B:	100-1000
Option C:	
Option D:	
	4, 4, 6, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8,
Q9.	Three main basic features involved in characterizing membership function are
Option A:	Intuition, Inference and Rank ordering
Option B:	Weighted Average, Mean of maximum, Centroid
Option C:	Fuzzification, Defuzzification, Knowledge base
Option D:	Core, Support and Boundary
	44 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
Q10.	In SVM, if the number of input features is 2, then the hyper plane is a
Option A:	Line SESSESSESSESSESSESSESSESSESSESSESSESSES
Option B:	Plane
Option C:	Circle Ci
Option D:	Square
	\$\times\x\x\x\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
	057 / 37 / 32 A V - 177 - 177 - 187 A V - 271 - 27

Q2	Solve any Four out of Six	(5 marks each)
A	A Compare Artificial Neurons with Biological Neurons. Draw the struct Biological Neuron.	
B	What are Support Vectors in Support Vectors Machines SVM differs from conventional classifiers?	(SVM)? How
3 8 8 C S S	Draw two input AND gate using MP neuron	
D	What do you mean by K Means algorithm? Where is it	used?
ZZZ E	What are the different types of Neural Network architec	tures?
Prove Demorgans's Theorem for the given two fuzzy sets $F = \left\{ \frac{0.4}{10} + \frac{0.9}{20} + \frac{0.1}{30} \right\} \text{ and Fuzzy set B} = \left\{ \frac{0.2}{10} + \frac{0.7}{20} + \frac{0.6}{30} \right\}$		

Q3	Solve any Two out of Three	(10 marks Each)
	What is Mamdani Fuzzy Inference System (FIS)? Wh	nat is the use of
The Control of the Co	knowledge base and rule base in FIS? Draw the block	diagram of FIS.
	Organize the given samples (1 1 0 0), (0 0 0 1), (1 0	0 0) into two clusters
\mathbf{B}	using Kohonen self-organizing map. Assume the lea	rning rate as 0.1.The
	weight matrix is given by	

	$w_{ij} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.1 & 0.6 \\ 0.2 & 0.8 \\ 0.8 & 0.2 \\ 0.1 & 0.5 \end{pmatrix}$
С	With neat flow chart, describe the training algorithm for Perceptron network.

Q4	Solve any Two out of Three (10 m	arks each)
A	Design a fuzzy controller to determine the wash time of a fuzzy machine. Assume the two fuzzy inputs are dirtiness of cloth an load. Consider 3 descriptors for both inputs and output. Show that is high if clothes are soiled to higher degree.	d washing
В	Draw Hopfield network with four output nodes. List the steps invits testing algorithm. For an input vector (1 1 0 1), calculate the waterix.	A/) /\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
С	Draw the architecture of simple Convolution Neural Network. following terms with respect to CNN. i. Convolution ii. Max Pooling iii. ReLU Activation iv. Flattening	Define the

University of Mumbai Examination May 2022

Program: Electronics and Telecommunication Engineering

Curriculum Scheme: Rev2019 Examination: TE Semester VI

Course Code: ECCDLO6014 and Course Name: Database Management System Time: 2.30 hour Max. Marks: 80

Q1.	Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks	
1.	Data independence means	
Option A:	Data is defined separately and not included in programs	
Option B:	Data and programs are maintained in separate files	
Option C:	Is the capacity to change the schema at one level of a database system without having to change the schema at the next higher level	
Option D:	Data is defined separately and included in programs	
2.	Key to represent relations between tables is called	
Option A:	Super key	
Option B:	Foreign key	
Option C:	Primary key	
Option D:	Secondary key	
3.	A logical schema	
Option A:	is the entire database	
Option B:	is the standard way of organizing information into accessible parts	
Option C:		
Option D:		
	accessible parts.	
4.50	E-R model uses this symbol to represent weak entity set?	
Option A:	Dotted rectangle	
Option B:	Diamond	
Option C:	Doubly outlined rectangle	
Option D:	Dotted square	
5.78	refers to the correctness and completeness of the data in a database	
Option A:	Data security Solution 1 Data security Solution 2 Data security Solutio	
Option B:	Data integrity	
Option C:	Data constraint	
Option D:	Data independence	
6.	In SQL, which of the following is not a data manipulation Language commands?	
Option A:	DELETE	
Option B:	SELECT	

Option C:	UPDATE
Option D:	CREATE
7.	A transaction completes its execution is said to be
Option A:	Saved
Option B:	Loaded
Option C:	Rolled
Option D:	Committed
8.	A type of query that is placed within a WHERE or HAVING clause of another query called
Option A:	Super query Super query
Option B:	Sub query
Option C:	Master query
Option D:	Multi-query No. 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
9.	What is ACID properties of Transactions?
Option A:	Atomicity, Consistency, Isolation, Database
Option B:	Atomicity, Consistency, Isolation, Durability
Option C:	Atomicity, Consistency, Inconsistent, Durability
Option D:	Automatically, Consistency, Isolation, Durability
10.	The attribute that can be divided into other attributes is called
Option A:	Simple Attribute
Option B:	Composite Attribute
Option C:	Multi-valued Attribute
Option D:	Derived Attribute
	2, 2, 4, 6, 5, 4, 8, 8, 2, 5, 8, 6, 8, 8, 6, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8,

Q2	Solve any Two	10 marks each	
00100	What are the constraints in SQL? Explain any two with an example.		
	Explain lock-based concurrency control in transaction management.		
iii.	Explain Need of Normalization and explain 1NF,2NF,3NF and BCNF		
Q3	Solve any TWO	10 marks each	
2 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \			
	i. Consider the following schema for College Library Student (Roll_no, Name, Branch) Book (ISBN, Title, Author, Publisher) Issue (Roll_No, ISBN, Date_of_Issue) Write Sql Queries for the following: I. List the roll number and name of all the student of the IT branch II. Find the name of students who have issued a book published by '2 publisher III. List the title of books and their authors issued by student "Alice"		

	ii.	Short note on: ACID Properties of transaction DBMS
iii. Draw ER diagram and write relational schema for Hospital management sys		

Q4	Solve any Two 10 marks each	
i.	Draw and explain Transaction state diagram	
ii.	Explain Joins and types of Joins with suitable example	
iii.	Explain aggregate function along with one example?	

University of Mumbai

Examinations Summer 2022

Program: Electronics and Telecommunication Engineering

Curriculum Scheme: Rev2016 Examination: TE Semester VI

Course Code: ECCDLO6021 and Course Name: Digital VLSI Design

Time: 2 hour 30 minutes Max. Marks: 80

Q1.	Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks	
1.	In a NOR based ROM, data bit '1' is stored using,	
Option A:		
Option B:	Presence of a transistor	
Option C:	Series combination of transistor	
Option D:	Parallel combination of transistor	
_	27772322222222	
2.	The output of 8X4 barrel shifter after performing 3 bit logical left shift operation on 11010111	
Option A:		
Option B:		
Option C:		
Option D:		
3.	Which of the following statement is not true?	
Option A:	Two metal lines can cross each other at the same layer	
Option B:	When a polysilicon crosses a diffusion region, it represents a MOSFET	
Option C:	Stick diagrams do not represent dimensions of MOSFET	
Option D:	Stick diagrams do not represent parasitic in the circuit	
4.20	Which method of physical clocking is a recursive structure where the memory elements are grouped together to make the use of nearby or same distribution points?	
Option A:	Clock skew	
Option B:	Balanced tree clock network	
Option C:	H tree	
Option D:	Single phase two level clocking	
£285228		
5333	In a NMOS Pass transistor the maximum output voltage possible is	
Option A:	V _{DD} S S S S S S S	
Option B:	$ V_{DD}+ V_{T0n} $	
Option C:	$V_G + V_{T0n}$	
Option D:	$ V_{T0p} $	
6.	The transistors in NAND type flash are connected in	
Option A:	series	
Option B:	parallel	
Option C:	cascade	
Option D:	cascode	
Option B: Option C:	parallel cascade	

7.	The power consumption of a dynamic RAM is		
Option A:	More than that of static RAM		
Option B:	Equal to that of a static RAM		
Option C:	Less than that of a static RAM		
Option D:	Zero		
8.	What is the logic equation of the given circuit?		
Ontin A			
Option A:	$Y = \overline{A + B(C + D)}$		
Option B:	$Y = \overline{A + BC}$		
Option C:	$Y = \overline{A(B+C)+D}$		
Option D:	$Y = \overline{AB + C}$		
9.	How does controller FSM differ from HLSM		
Option A:	FSM have fewer states than HLSM		
Option B:	Condition for state transition in FSM is a signal status, whereas HLSM have logical condition		
Option C:			
Option D:	In FSM state transition can happen without an event, in HLSM the transition can		
14-08-0 X	happen only on the occurrence of an event		
10.	Look up table is basic unit in which of the following technology		
Option A:			
Option B:	PLASSES		
Option C:	CPED		
Option D:	FPGA		

	$\mathbf{Q2}$	Solve any Two	10 marks each
5		Draw layout of 6-T SRAM cell and Describe working of FL	ASH memory

В	Explain the concept of strong and weak logic in pass transistors. Draw a 4:1		
	Mux in NMOS pass transistor logic, PMOS pass transistor logic and		
	Transmission gate logic.		
С	Design Parallel 3-TAP FIR filter using RTL design technique. Draw		
	HLSM, Datapath, Interface and Controller FSM. Compare it with Serial		
	FIR filter		

Q3			
A	Solve any Two	5 marks each	
i.	Write a short note on ESD protection		
ii.	Explain with diagram working of 3-T DRAM and 1-T DRAM. Compare		
	these designs		
iii.	Write a short note on Input and Output Circuits		
В	Solve any One	10 marks each	
i.	Implement $Y = AB + BC + CA$ using		
	a) Static CMOS logic		
	b) NORA chain		
	c) Domino Chain.	500	
	d) Dynamic PMOS	N. W. D.	
ii.	Draw layout of clocked JK latch and write HDL prog	gram D-Flip Flop	

Q4		
	Solve any Two 5 marks each	
	Write a short note on Charge sharing	
Sin Os	Design circuit for 4 bit array multiplier	
ili	Compare HLSM and FSM	
\mathbf{B}	Solve any One 10 marks each	
	Design RTL for Sum of absolute differences using RTL design technique. Draw HLSM, Datapath and FSM.	
ii.	Design a 3- bit carry generator block of carry look ahead adder using Dynamic N-MOS design style. Write a HDL program for 3-BIT carry look ahead adder	