Auto CBS GS Sem W A-W1-IV 19/11/2018 Paper/Subject Code: 38401/APPLIED MATHEMATICS-IV

Q. P. Code: 36431

Total Marks 80

[3hours]

N.B. (1) Question No 1 is compulsory

- (2) Attempt any 3 of the remaining
- (3) Use of statistical table is allowed
- a) A variable X follows a Poisson distribution with variance 3. Find
 P(x=2) and P(x≥ 2)
- b) Evaluate \$\iiint_{9xi+6yj=10zk.dz}^{9xi+6yj=10zk.dz}\$ where s is surface of the sphere with radius 2, using Gauss divergence theorem.
- c) Ten individuals are chosen at random from a population and their heights are found to be 63, 63, 64, 65, 66, 69, 69, 70, 70, 71 inches.
 Discuss the suggestion that the mean height of the universe is 65 inches.
 (5)
- d) Using Cayley- Hamilton Theorem find $2A^3 3A^4 + A^4 4I$ where $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ (5)
- a) A continuous random variable X has the probability density function
 f(x) = kx²e²x, x = 0. Find k,mean and variance
 - b) Ten school boys were given a test in statistics and their scores were recorded. They were given a months special coaching and a second test was given to them in the same subject at the end of the coaching period. Test if the marks given below give evidence to the fact that the students are benefitted by the coaching.

Marks in Test I : 70, 68, 56, 75, 80, 90, 68, 75, 56, 58

Marks in Test II: 68, 70, 52, 73, 75, 78, 80, 92, 54, 55 (6)

- c) Two lines of regression are given by x+6y = 6, and 3x+2y = 10
 calculate (i) mean values of x and y, (ii) the coefficient of correlation and (8)
- (iii) estimate y when x = 12
- 3.a) It is known that the probability of an item produced by a certain machine will be defective is 0.05. If the produced items are sent to the market in packets of 20, find the number of packets containing (i) at least2, (ii) exactly2 and (iii) at most 2 defective items in a consignment of 1000 packets using Poisson distribution (6)

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Q. P. Code: 3643

(6)

(6)

- b) Use Stoke's theorem to evaluate $\int_{0}^{\infty} \overline{f} dr$ where $\overline{f} = yxt + zxj + xyk$ and c is the boundary of the circle $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$, z = 0
- c) Find the eigen values and eigen vectors of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & -8 & -2 \\ 4 & -3 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$
- 4. a) Out of 800 people 25% were literate and 300 had travelled beyond the limits of the district. 40 % of the literates were among those who had not travelled. Prepare a 2x2 table and test at 5% level of significance whether there is any relation between travelling and literacy (6)
- b) Compute rank correlation coefficient from the following

X: 10, 12, 18, 18, 15, 40

Y: 12, 18, 25, 25, 50, 25

c) The marks of 1000 students of a university are found to be normally distributed with mean 70 and standard deviation 5. Estimate the number of students whose marks will be (i) between 60 and 75 (ii) more than 75

(iii) less than 68

- 5.a) A machine is set to produce metal plates of thickness 1.5 cms with standard deviation of 0.2 cms. A sample of 100 plates produced by the machine gave an average thickness of 1.52 cms. Is the machine fulfilling the purpose? (6)
- b) Using the method of Lagrange's multipliers solve the following N.L.P.P. Optimise $z = 6x_1^2 + 5x_2^2$

Subject to $x_1 + 5x_2 = 7$,

 $x_1, x_2 \ge 0$

- c) If the vector field is irrotational find the constants a,b,c where is given by ind the workdone in moving a particle in this field from (1,2,-4) to (3,3,2) along the straight line joining these points (8)
- 6.a) Using Green's theorem evaluate $\int (xy + y^2)dx + x^2dy$ where c is the closed curve

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of the region bounded by $y = x, y = x^3$

- (6)
- b) Show that $A = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -2 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ is derogatory and find its minimal polynomial (6)
- c) Using the Kuhn-Tucker conditions solve the following problem (8)

Maximise
$$z = -x_1^2 - x_2^2 - x_3^2 + 4x_1 + 6x_3$$

Subject to
$$x_1 + x_2 \le 2$$
 , $2x_1 + 3x_2 \le 12$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3 \ge 0$$



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Q.P. Code: 37729

(3 hours)

[Total marks: 80]

- N.B. (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.
 - (2) Answer any Three from remaining
 - (3)Figures to the right indicate full marks
 - (4) Use of statistical tables is allowed.

1.a) Show that the matrix
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$
 is non derogatory

4 is non derogatory

b) Determine all basic solutions to the following problem-

Maximize $z = x_1 + 3x_2 + 3x_3$

Subject to

 $x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 = 4$

 $2x_1 + 3x_2 + 5x_3 = 7$

 $x_1, x_2, x_3 \ge 0$ c) Prove that $\vec{F} = (2xy + z)i + (x^2 + 2yz^3)j + (3y^2z^2 + x)k$ is an irrotational vector and find the corresponding scalar ϕ such that $\overline{F} = \nabla \phi$.

d)Can it be concluded that the average lifespan of an Indian is more than 70 years if a random sample of 100 Indians has an average lifespan of 71.8 years with standard deviation of 8.9 years? 5

-3 -2 is diagonalizable. Also find the transforming matrix and the diagonal matrix.

b Using Green's Theorem , evaluate $\int (3x^2-8y^2) dx + (4y-6xy) dy$ where C is the boundary of the region defined by $y = x^2$ and $y = \sqrt{x}$.

c)Solve the following problem by simplex method Maximize $Z = 3x_1 + 2x_2$

Subject to

$$3x_1+2x_2 \le 18,$$

 $x_1 \le 4,$
 $x_2 \le 6, \quad x_1, x_2 \ge 0$



3. a) Use Stoke's theorem evaluate $\int \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r} = 2y (1-x)i + (x-x^2-y^2)j + (x^2+y^2+z^2)k$ where and s is the surface of the plane x+y+z=2 which is in the first octant

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Paper / Subject Code: 40001 / APPLIED MATHEMATICS - IV

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b) The standard deviations calculated from two random samples of sizes 9 and 13 are 1.99 and 1.5 Can the samples be regard as drawn from the normal populations with the same standard deviations (Given Foozs =3.51 with d.o.f. 8 and 12 and Foozs =4.20 with d.o.f. 12 and 8 or Foos =4.50 with d.o.f. 8and (2)

c) Use Penalty Method (Big M method) to solve the following L.P.P.

 $Minimize z = 6x_1 + 4x_2$ Subject to the constraints $2x_1 + 3x_2 \le 30$ $3x_1 + 2x_2 \le 24$

 $x_1 + x_2 \ge 3$,



4.a) Verify Cayley-Hamilton theorem for the matrix A . Hence find

b) Marks obtained by students in an examination follow normal distributions. If 30% of students got below 35 marks and 10% got above 60 marks. Find mean and standard deviation.

Use the dual simplex method to solve the following L.P.P.

Minimize
$$Z = x_1 + x_2$$

Subject to $2x_1 + x_2 \ge 2$, $-x_1 - x_2 \ge 1$, $x_1, x_2 \ge 0$.

5.a) Find e^A and 4^A , if $A = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{3}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{3}{2} \end{bmatrix}$

b)A random discrete variable x has the probability density function given

X	-2	- 1	- 6		_	
P(v)	0.3	-	U		2	1
1/4/	0.1	k	0.2	21.	0	140

c) In an experiment on immunizations of cattle from Tuberculosis the following results were obtained. Use χ^2 -test to determine the efficiency of vaccine in preventing tuberculosis.

290	Not affected 110	400
0	90	_
0		800
		70

6.a) Use Gauss divergence theorem to evaluate $\iint \overline{F} \cdot \overline{N} \, ds$ where $\overline{F} = x^2 \overline{\iota} + z \overline{\jmath} + y z \overline{k}$ and S is the surface of the cube bounded by x = 0, y = 1, y = 0, y = 1, z = 0, z = 1

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b) The means of two random samples of size 9 and 7 are 196.42 and 198.82 respectively. The sum of the squares of the deviation from the mean are 26.94 and 18.73 respectively. Can the sample be considered to have drawn from the same normal population?

c) Reduce the quadratic form, $x_1^2 + 2x_2^2 + 3x_3^2 + 2x_1x_2 + 2x_2x_3 - 2x_3x_1$ to the canonical form. Also find its rank, index and signature, using congruent transformations.



Page 3 of 3

Q. P. Code: 27043

[Marks: 80]

[Time : 3 hours]

Instructions: Question no 1 is COMPULSORY

Attempt any 3 questions from question no 2 to 6

Use illustrative diagrams wherever possible

Assume suitable data if necessary



Q1 Solve any 4 of the 5 sub questions

- a Two large plane surfaces are 2,4cm apart. The space between the surfaces is filled 5 with glycerin. What force is required to drag a very thin plate of surface area 0.5 square meter between the two large plane surfaces at a speed of 0.6m/s² if the thin plate is at a distance of 0.8cm from one of the plane surfaces? Take dynamic viscosity of glycerin = 0.81 N-s/m²
- b The stream function for a two dimensional flow is given by ψ =2xy, calculate the 5 velocity of the point P(2,3).
- c A projectile travels in air of pressure 10.1043 N/cm² at 10°C at a speed of 1500 5 kmph. Find the Mach number and the Mach angle. Take k=1.4 and R=287 J/kg K
- d Define the following terms:
 - i) Boundary Layer Thickness
 - ii) Displacement Thickness
- Explain the working of a Orificemeter

5

- Q2 a A simple manometer is used to measure the pressure of oil (sp gr 0.8) flowing in 8 the pipeline. It's right limb is open to atmosphere and the left limb is connected to the pipe. The centre of the pipe is 9cm below the level of mercury (sp gr 13.6) in the right limb. If the difference of mercury level in the two limbs is 15cm, determine the absolute pressure of the oil in the pipe in N/cm².
 - A horizontal pipe line 50m long is connected to a water tank at one end discharges 12 freely into the atmosphere at the other end. For the first 30m of its length from the tank, the pipe is 200mm in diameter and its diameter is suddenly enlarged to 400mm. The height of water level in the tank is 10m above the centre of the pipe. Considering all minor losses, determine the rate of flow. Take f = 0.01 for both sections of the pipe.
- Q3 a For a two dimensional potential flow, the velocity potential function is given by : 10 Φ = 4x (3y-4), determine the velocity at the point (2,3). Also determine the value of the stream function y at the point (2,3)
 - b The velocity profile within a laminar boundary layer over a flat plate is given by 10

$$\frac{u}{U} = 2\left(\frac{y}{\delta}\right) - \left(\frac{y}{\delta}\right)^2$$

Where U is the main stream velocity and δ is the boundary layer thickness. Determine the i) Displacement thickness and ii) Momentum thickness

Paper / Subject Code: 38402 / FLUID MECHANICS

Q. P. Code: 27043

**		the assumptions made. State	I
	b		1
Q5	a	A 300mm diameter pipe carries water under a head of 20 meters with a velocity of 3.5m/s. If the axis of the pipe turns 45°, find the magnitude and the direction of the resultant force of the bend. Assume the pipe turns 45°, and the magnitude and the direction of the	1
	b	resultant force of the bend. Assume the pipe to be in the horizontal plane. A fluid of viscosity 0.7 N-s/m ² and specific gravity 1.3 is flowing through a circular pipe of diameter 100mm. The maximum shear stress at the pipe wall is given as 192.6 N/m ² , find the i) pressure gradient ii) average velocity iii) Reynold's number of the flow.	
Q6	a	Draw a neat sketch of Venturimeter and derive an expression for discharge through the venturimeter. Explain the terms C _d , C _v and C _e .	10
	b	Solve any 2 of 3 sub questions below	100
	i	Define the terms Drag and Lift	
	îi	State and explain the hydro static law	5
	iii	Explain the Critical Person	_



Auto / CBCGS IV/ FM 27/11/18

Paper / Subject Code: 40002 / FLUID MECHANICS

O.P.Code: 39966

(3 Hours)

[Total Marks: 80]

NB:

1. Question No.1 is compulsory

- 2. Attempt any three questions from remaining questions.
- 3. Neat diagram must be drawn wherever necessary
- 4. Assume suitable data if necessary and state clearly,
- 5. Appropriate figures to the right indicate marks.
- Answer any four from the following

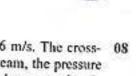
- a. An ornament weighing 36 gm in air weighs only 34 gm in water. Assuming that some copper is mixed with gold to prepare the ornament. Find the amount of copper in it. Specific gravity of gold is 19.3 and that of copper is 8.9.
- b. Water is flowing from a hose attached to water main at 400 kPa (gauge). A child places a thumb to cover most of the hose outlet, causing a thin jet of high speed water to emerge. If the hose is held vertical upward, what is maximum height that jet could achieve .Assume flow is steady, incompressible and laminar.
- c. A ball falling in a lake of depth 200 m creates a decrease 0.1% in its volume at the bottom. The bulk modulus of material of ball is.
- d. Explain for the boundary layer flow, whether the curve representing δ (boundary layer thickness) as a function of X over a flat plate is a stream line of flow or not.
- e. Distinguish with the help of neat sketches, between a hydrodynamically rough surface and hydrodynamically smooth surface,
- For the laminar boundary layer on a flat plate is

12

$$f(\eta) = \frac{3\eta}{2} - \frac{\eta^3}{2}$$
 where, $\eta = \frac{y}{\delta}$ and $f(\eta) = \frac{u}{U}$

Determine;

- Boundary Layer Thickness
- b. Local coefficient of drag
- Check whether the flow is attached or not.



b. Air at an absolute pressure 60.0 kPa and 27°C enters a passage at 486 m/s. The cross-08 sectional area at the entrance is 0.02 m2. At section 2, further downstream, the pressure is 78.8 kPa (abs). Assuming isentropic flow, calculate the Mach number at section 2. Also identify the type of nozzle,

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Paper / Subject Code: 40002 / FLUID MECHANICS

Q.P.Code: 39966

- 3 a. Use the appropriate form of Navier-stokes equation to derive an equation of velocity profile in couette flow. State assumptions made at each stage. Plot the dimensionless velocity profile for different value of $\frac{dp}{dx}$.
 - b. In a parallel two dimensional flow in the positive x-direction, the velocity varies 10 linearly from zero at y = 0 to 32 m/s at y = 1 m in perpendicular direction. Determine the expression for stream function(y) and plot streamline at interval of dy = 3 m²/s. Is the flow is irrotational. Consider unit width of flow.
- 4 a. A pipe 0.6 m in diameter takes off water from the reservoir 150 m high above the datum. The pipe is 5000 m long and is laid completely at the datum level. For the last 1200 m, water is drawn by service pipe at uniform rate of 0.1 m³/sec per 300 m. Find the head lost in the last 1200 m length of pipe. Take friction factor as 0.04 and velocity is zero at dead end.
 - Derive the expression for linear with angular deformation and pure rotation 08 phenomenon in fluid flow.
- 5 Using Reynold's Transport Theorem derive the mass flow rate equation and momentum 06 equation to solve the following

Water at a pressure of 72 kN/m² flows through a horizontal pipe of diameter 360 mm at the rate of 300 lps. The direction of water is changed through 120° by a vertical bend whose exit diameter is 240 mm. The volume of the bend is 0.14 m³. The exit of the bend is 2.4 m above the inlet. Find the magnitude and direction of the resultant force on the bend due to water. Neglect friction and minor losses.

- 6 Write short note for the following
 - Moody's diagram

- b. Induced drag on aerofoil
- Stream function and velocity potential function and their importance in ideal fluid flow theory
- d. Conditions of equilibrium for floating and submerged bodies.



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Auto | GBSGS Sem-1V] TOM- I / 2/12/18

Paper / Subject Code: 38403 / THEORY OF MACHINES-I

Q.P. Code: 22666

(3 Hours)

Total Marks: 80

(20)

N.B. 1) Question No.1 is compulsory.

- 2) Attempt any three questions out of the remaining five questions.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 4) Assume suitable data wherever required but justify the same.
- Q1. Attempt any four
 - A. What are the advantages and disadvantages of chain drive over belt drive?
 - B. Differentiate between cycloidal and involute teeth gear,
 - C. What are the different types of instantaneous centers?
 - D. Classify Cams in detail.
 - E. State and explain Work Energy principle and conservation of energy.
- Q2 A. Two pulleys, one 450 mm diameter and the other 200 mm diameter are on (10) parallel shafts 1.95 m apart and are connected by cross belt. Find the length of the belt required and the angle of contact between the belt and each pulley. What power can be transmitted by the belt when the larger pulley rotates at 200 rpm, if the maximum permissible tension in the belt is 1 x 10⁹ N and the coefficient of friction between the belt and the pulley is 0.25?
 - B. Two mating gears have 20 and 40 involute teeth of module 10 mm and 20° (10) pressure angle. If addendum on each wheel is such that path of contact is maximum and interference is just avoided, find the path of contact, are of contact and contact ratio. Also find the addendum for each wheel.
- Q3 A. A cam rotating at 150 rpm operates a reciprocating roller follower of radius 2.5 (10) cm. The least radius of the cam is 5 cm and the stroke of the follower is 5 cm. Ascent and descent both takes place by uniform acceleration and retardation. Ascent takes place during 75° and descent during 90° of cam rotation. Dwell between ascent and descent is 60°. Sketch displacement, velocity and acceleration diagrams and mark salient features.
 - B. Derive an expression for the ratio of shaft velocities for Hooke's joint and draw the polar (10)
 diagram depicting the salient features of driven shaft speed.
- Q4 A. The reduction of speed from 360 rpm to 120 rpm is desired by the use of chain drive. The driving sprocket has 10 teeth. Find the number of teeth on the driven sprocket. If the pitch radius of the driven sprocket is 250 mm and the center to center distance between the two sprocket is 400 mm, find the pitch and the length of the chain.
 - B. Derive an expression for minimum number of teeth required on a pinion to avoid interference in involute gear teeth when it meshes with wheel.

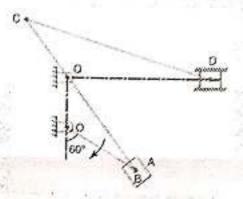
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- Q5 A. What do you understand by coriolis component of acceleration? Explain with the help of an example. Draw all the directions of coriolis component of acceleration.
 - B. A cylinder with mass of 50 kg is released from the rest on a plane inclined at 360 to the horizontal. The diameter of the cylinder is 2 m. If the cylinder rolls without alipping, then compute, i) the speed of the center point C of the cylinder after it has moved 2 m along the inclined plane and ii) friction force acting on the cylinder.
- Q6.A. Figure above a Whitworth quick return motion mechanism. The various (14) dimensions are: OO = 100 mm; OA = 200 mm; OC = 150 mm; CD = 500 mm. The crank OA makes an angle of 60° with the vertical and rotates at 120 rpm in the clockwise direction. By instantaneous center method find the velocity of the ram D. Compare your answer with relative velocity method.



B. With the help of a neat sketch explain the terms base circle, prime circle and (6) pitch circle with respect to cams.



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Auto CBCGS Sem-IV JE 3/12/2018. Paper/Subject Code: 40003/INDUSTRIAL ELECTRONICS

	(3 Hours)	[Total Marks : 80]
N.B: (1)Question no.1 is compuls (2)Solve any three from rem (3)Assume suitable data ifne (4)Figures to the right indica	taining questions	prary of the practice of the p
1. Solve any 4:	N. K.	argha 20
(a)State and prove DeMorg	gan's theorem.	FORE PROPERTY.
(b)Draw the characteristics	of power BJT, power MOSFE	T and IGBT.
	of Instrumentation amplifier a	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1
(d)Compare A,C and D,C (e)Explain basic principle	35 2 2 3 0 5 5 6	
2. (a) Draw and explain block dia	agram of closed loop speed con	trol of DC motor, 7
(b) Write a short note on selec		F1 19 12 P 19 14 15 17 17 19 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17
(c) Compare SCR and TRIAC	The second secon	6
(a) With neat circuit diagram rectifier circuit supplying a	A. 是 1800年 1977 1987 (1) 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	phase full wave half controlled
(b) Draw and explain architect	ture of MSP430 microcontroller	N. C. V. Marker
(c) Describe in detail Low Pas	s filter.	6
4. (a)Draw circuit diagram and w	aveform of 3 phase bridge inve	erter with R load (180
degree mode of conduction)	7
(b)Explain the working princip	le of a GTO with proper diagra	am. 7
(c)Compare Monostable and A	stable multivibrators.	6
TELECONAL PROPERTY		
(a) Explain UJT triggering met		7
(b) What is a flip flop? Explain		
(c) Compare microprocessor ar	nd microcontroller.	6
(a)Explain the application of m	icrocontroller in Piezoelectric	Actuator Drive. 7
(b)Explain any one method for	the speed control of A.C indu	ction motors. 7
(c)Write a short note on Multip	lexer and Demultiplexer.	- 6

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Auto | Semiv | GBCGS | PP-1 / 10/12/18 Paper | Subject Code: 40004 / PRODUCTION PROCESSES-11

		(3 Hours)	Total Marks: 80	1
NB	(1) Question no. 1 is compuls			1
444	(2) Attempt any three must	ory.		1/2
	(2) Attempt any three question (3) Illustrate your appropriate	ons out of remaining	five questions.	10
	(3) Illustrate your answer wit (4) Figures to the right indicate	n necessary sketch	wherever necessary.	1
	(1) - gares to the right indict	ne full marks.		,
Q.I	Attempt any four:		100 100 100	- 20
(a)	Classify various Additive M	launtan to m	TATISTIC STATE OF THE	20
(b)	Classify various non-tradition	and most in	ses.	
(c)	Specification of grinding wi	onat machining proc	esses	1
(d)	Describe how a compound	lect		4.
(e)	Describe how a compound a	nia combination die	differ from each other.	2.5
1	coefficient	a corp-now velocity	y = cutting velocity x chip this	ckness
				73.
Q.2	a) What is EDM? Write about	its applications adv	antages and limitations. Also st	55
	functions and requirements	of diselectric fluid	antages and limitations. Also st	
0.2	b) State the different sources of	of beat in metal cutti	3. 3	10
1000		or meat an interaction	ilg:	10
Q.3 (a) Explain various sheet meta	production process	with past distalas	10
0.3	b) Define jigs and fixtures. De	scribe the following	with past sketches	10
	(i) Locators (ii) Clamping d	evices (any two each	With heat sketches;	10
	**	- meed (any the each	************************************	
Q.4	(a) While machining steel v	with a tool of 10-1	0-6-6-8-75-1] ORS shape foll	ond
10.00	observations were made;		2 2 4 4-12-11 OK2 surbe 1011	
(i)	Spindle speed 300 rpm	(ii) Work diar	ncter 40 mm	10
(iii)	Depth of cut 3.5 mm		rate 70 mm/min	
(v)	Cut chip thickness 0.55 mm		Tana 7 a min mili	
	3-4-5			
Dete	mine (i) Chip thickness ratio	(ii) Shear plan	c anele	
	(iii) Dynamic shear		l continuous chip length per s	ninuto
		20 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 1	remainded emp length per i	minute
Q.4 (b) Explain Photo Polymerizat	tion w.r.t principle of	of operation, process, advantage	ac and
	disadvantages. Explain its	application in releva	ance CMET (Tokyo) and 3D sy	esame
	(US)	4	(renyo) and SD 3	10
	2-4			10
Q.5 (a) Discuss the geometry and de	sign steps for a broa	ach tool with the help of a diagra	sm 10
Q.5 (b) Discuss in detail various for	ctors affecting the	tool life. Two cutting tools are	being
8	compared for a machining	operation. The tool	life equations are: Carbide tool	WTL
	= 2000 & HSS tool: VT0.8 :	= 135, where V is th	ne cutting speed in m/min and T	ie the
	tool life in min. Calculate the	ne cutting speed value	ue so that the carbide tool will p	rouida
	higher tool life then HSS to	ol.	and the carotice tool with p	10
		566		10
Q.6 V	rite short notes on:			20
	Concept and importance of Ade	ditive Manufacturio	P	20
ii) I	aser beam machining	and a strangeneral strangener	ь	
iii) -	Lathe tool dynamometer			
	Diamond pin locator			
10000	Single point cutting tool geome	etry in ASA system		
350	sangle point cutting tool geom	eny mratara ayatem	Ĭ	
		Page 1 of 1		

58455

Paper / Subject Code: 38404/PRODUCTION PROCESSES-II

		(3 Hours) [Total Marks : 80]	33
1	.R. (1 (heestron no. 4 -	3
	1	2) Attempt any three questions and a	3.3
	1	2) Attempt any three questions out of remaining five questions. 3) Illustrate your answer with necessary sketch wherever necessary. 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks. 5) Assume suitable details.	
	- 3	4) Figures to the right indicate full marks. 5) Assume suitable data wherever	18/2
	3	5) Assume suitable data wherever necessary.	
240		WEducar.	
t.		What is undercutting of	Jan.
	(a)	What is undercutting of gear teeth? $ \begin{cases} 2 \\ b \\ a \\ b \end{cases} $ Explain about closed.	(20)
	(b)		W.
	(c)	Explain the expression for shore plane	
	(d)		1.50
	(e)	Explain different types of milling cutters:	
2.	(a)	What are the basic element	
	(b)	Writes about GM codes in CNC machines. Write about the maintenance of drilling machines.	(10)
	(e)	Write about the maintenance of CNC machines.	(6)
		and machines,	(4)
3.	(a)	While machining a mild at a second	13
		While machining a mild steel rod on the lathe, following results were obtained: Width of cut = 2.5 mm, Uncut chip-thickness = 0.27 mm, Chip thickness = 0.7 mm, Rake angle = 0 degree, Cutting force = 900 No Throse force = 0.45	(10)
		min. Nake angle = 0 dames a 0.00 composition only inickness = 0.7	1
		The transfer of the second of	
	12.5	angle (IV) Coefficient of feletion (3 re-	
	(b)		0000
	(c)	Explain gear hobbing process of gear manufacturing.	(6)
-			(4)
4.	(a)	State the requirement of dynamometer and explain any one mechanical	- 200mil
	160	dynamometer, and the mechanical	(10)
	(b)	Explain machinability.	161
	(c)	Write about tool angles in ASA (American Standards Association) system with	(6)
	1	neat sketch.	(4)
5.	(a)	The state of the s	
	(a)	Describe HSS (High Speed Steel) tool.	(10)
4	(b)	Write about Single point cutting tool.	(6)
	(c)	Describe various broach terms with neat sketch. Write the formula for the	(4)
	33	following elements- Total number of teeth in a broach, Effective length.	302
6.		Write short notes on:	(20)
	(a)	Classification of shapers.	(20)
	(b)	Geometry of milling cutter.	
-	(c)	Nomenclature of drilling tool.	
	(d)	Form tool.	
	(e)	Factors affecting tool life.	
	1.1	ractors affecting toot fite.	
		1.75 (1907) 100 (1907) 100 (1907) 100 (1907) 100 (1907) 100 (1907) 100 (1907) 100 (1907) 100 (1907) 100 (1907)	

(3 hours)

Total Marks:

NB

- Question No. 1 is compulsory
- Attempt any three questions out of the remaining five questions.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- Assume suitable data wherever required but justify the same.

Q1. Attempt any four

(20)

- A. What are rigid and resistant bodies? Elaborate.
- B. What is fundamental equation of steering gears? Which steering gear fulfil this condition?
- C. Two points located along the radius of a wheel have velocities of 8 m/s and 14 m/s respectively. The distance between the points is 300 mm. What is radial distance of outer point from the centre.
- Define base circle, pitch circle, trace point, pitch curve and pressure angle.
- State and derive law of gearing.
- Q2 A. A pinion of 120 mm pitch circle diameter and having 20 involute teeth drives a rack. The (10) addendum of both the pinion and rack is 6 mm. Determine the least value of the pressure angle to avoid interference. With this value of pressure angle, find the length of arc of contact and the minimum number of teeth in contact at a time.
 - B. What is the effect of centrifugal tension on the power transmitted?

(5)

C State and explain Kennedy's theorem.

- (5)
- Q3 A. In an open-belt drive, the diameters of the larger and smaller pulley are 1.2 m and 0.8 m. (10) respectively. The smaller pulley rotates at 320 rpm. The center distance between the shaft is 4 m. When stationary, the initial tension on the belt is 2.8 kN. The mass of belt is 1.8 kg/m and the coefficient of friction between the belt and pulley is 0.25. Determine the power transmitted.
 - B. Use following data of a cam in which a knief-edge follower is raised with uniform (10) acceleration and deceleration and is lowered with simple harmonic motion: least radius of cam=60 mm, Lift of follower=45 mm, Angle of ascent= 60°, dwell between ascent and descent= 40°, Angle of descent= 70°. If cam rotates at 180 rpm, determine the maximum velocity and acceleration during ascent and descent.
- Q4 A. In a reduction gear shown in fig. I, the input S has 24 teeth. P and C constitute a compound (10) planet having 30 and 18 teeth respectively. If all gears are of the same pitch, find ratio of reduction gear. Assume A to be fixed.

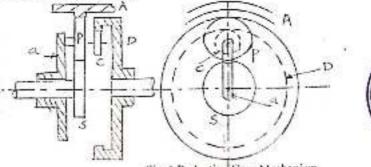




Fig. 1 Reduction Gear Mechanism

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Page 1 of 2

Paper / Subject Code: 40005 / KINEMATICS OF MACHINERY

A uniform 50-kg crate rest on a horizontal surface for which coefficient of kinetic friction (10) is 0.2. Determine the crate acceleration if a force of P=600 N is applied to the crate as shown in fig 2.

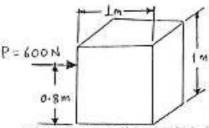


Fig. 2 Crate subjected to force

Q5 A toggle mechanism shown in fig 3. Find the velocities of the slider by i) relative velocity method

(14)

ii) Instantaneous center method

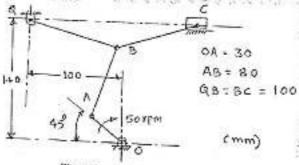


Fig. 3 Toggle Mechanism

Fig. 3 Toggle Mechanism

Explain self locking and self energising brakes.

In the toggle mechanism as shown Fig. 3, the crank OA rotates at 210 rpm (14) Q6 counterclockwise increasing at the rate of 60 rad/s2. For the given configuration, determine i) velocity of slider D and angular velocity of lin BD ii) acceleration of slider D

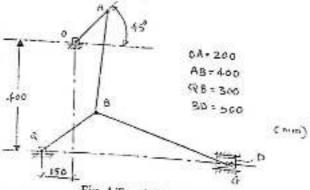


Fig. 4 Toggle Mechanism

B. A fixed gear having 200 teeth meshes with a pinion having 50 teeth. The two are connected (06) A fixed gear has my second to the number of turns made by the pinion for one complete revolution

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Q.P. Code:13963

		(3 Hours) [Total Marks:	80]
I.N		 Question No. 1 is compulsory. Attempt any three questions from remaining five questions. Figures to the right indicate full marks Illustrate the answer with neat sketches wherever required. Answers to questions should be grouped & written together. 	
1.		ite short note on any four of the following:	(20)
	a)	Ceramic Materials.	123
	b)	Fatigue Failure	- 30
	c)	Hume Rothery's rules of solid solubility	37
	d)	Critical cooling curve	
	e)	Classification of alloying elements.	
2.	(a)	What are surface defects? Illustrate and discuss the various types of surface defects.	(8)
	(b)	What are the objectives of heat treatment of metals? Give classification of heat treatment processes.	(6)
	(c)	Explain the mechanism of creep failure.	(6)
3.	(a)	CCR and various other cooling curves showing a different transformed product.	(8)
	(b)	What is Surface hardening? Explain the flame hardening heat treatment process.	(6)
	(c)	Differentiate between Edge dislocation and Screw dislocation.	(6)
4.	(a)	Define strain hardening. Explain the effect of strain hardening on behavior of materials.	(8)
	(b)	Discuss the cyclic Annealing heat treatment of Steel.	(6)
	(c)	Draw a typical eutoctoid type diagram and explain its important features.	(6)
s.	(a)	Discuss Griffith's theory and derive the Griffith's equation.	(8)
	(b)	Discuss the Ausforming heat treatment of Steel.	(6)
	(c)	Write a note on "Jominy End Quench Test".	(6)
6	(a)	Explain in detail the Heat Treatment for 18-4-1 Tool Steel.	(8)
	(b)	Define failure. Draw and explain the S-N curve.	(6)
	(c)	Give classification of Nano-materials with advantages, disadvantages and applications.	(6)



Paper / Subject Code: 38406 / INDUSTRIAL ELECTRONICS

81-24-15 (31 (53 28) (VI (DTUA

(3 Hours)

[Total Marks: 80]

	N.B: (1) Question no.1 is compulsory	001
	(2) Solve any three from page 2.	
	(3) Assume suitable data if necessary	
	(4) Figures to the right indicate full marks	
	1. Solve any 4:	
	(a)List the characteristics of an ideal op-amp.	2
	(b) What is SCR and state it's application.	-
	(c)Realize basic gates using NAND gate.	
	(d)Explain Back EMF in D.C motors.	
	(c)State advantages of Digital Circuits.	
	A distribution of Digital Circuits,	0.0
	 (a) What is an inverter? Classify it according to their input supply and explain any one. 	er -
)	(b) Derive the output voltage for full wave fully controlled rectifier and find firing angle for maximum output.	7
	(c) Compare power BJT, power MOSFET and IGBT.	7
	The Part of 131, power MOSPET and IGBT.	6
	3. (a) Explain in detail the concept of R-L-E load in converters	in.
	(b) Draw and explain architecture of MSP430 microcontroller	7
	(c) Discuss Torque Speed characteristic of D.C motor? Classify types of load on the basis of	, /
	Time duration.	6
		×
	 (a) What is the necessity of inner current loop control circuit. 	7
	(b) Explain IC 555 as a Monostable Multivibrator.	7
	(c) How SCR Gate Drive R-C Circuit Work.	6
	5. (a) Explain any one application circuit of TRIAC-DIAC pair. Also, draw the V-I	
e e	characteristics of TRIAC and DIAC.	7
Ġ	(b) Compare combinational and sequential circuits. Explain any one combinational circuit.	7
	(c) Explain minimum six distinguishing features of MSP430 Microcontroller	6
	6. (a) Explain register related to configuration of digital input/output port of MSR 420	
	with a separate of the separat	
	(b) Explain how to select a motor for water pumping application and describe with Speed	7
	Toron Of the Color	0220
	(c) What do you understand by a digital circuit? Elaborate following terms	7
	related to digital circuits:	
	(i) Logic level (ii) Noise immunity (iii) Propagation delay	
	God in the state of the state o	
	A Transferred Comment	6

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