UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI



Bachelor of Engineering

First Year Engineering (Semester I & II), Revised course

(REV- 2019'C' Scheme) from Academic Year 2019 – 20

(Common for All Branches of Engineering)

Under

FACULTY OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY

(As per AICTE guidelines with effect from the academic year 2019–2020)

Preamble

To meet the challenge of ensuring excellence in engineering education, the issue of quality needs to be addressed, debated and taken forward in a systematic manner. Accreditation is the principal means of quality assurance in higher education. The major emphasis of accreditation process is to measure the outcomes of the program that is being accredited. In line with this Faculty of Science and Technology (in particular Engineering) of University of Mumbai has taken a lead in incorporating philosophy of outcome based education in the process of curriculum development.

Faculty resolved that course objectives and course outcomes are to be clearly defined for each course, so that all faculty members in affiliated institutes understand the depth and approach of course to be taught, which will enhance learner's learning process. Choice based Credit and grading system enables a much-required shift in focus from teacher-centric to learner-centric education since the workload estimated is based on the investment of time in learning and not in teaching. It also focuses on continuous evaluation which will enhance the quality of education. Credit assignment for courses is based on 15 weeks teaching learning process, however content of courses is to be taught in 12-13 weeks and remaining 2-3 weeks to be utilized for revision, guest lectures, coverage of content beyond syllabus etc.

There was a concern that in the present system, the first year syllabus is heavily loaded and it is of utmost importance that the students entering into the first year of an engineering course should feel at ease by lowering the burden of syllabus and credits. This is necessary for a student to get accustomed to the new environment of a college and to create a bonding between the teacher and a student. In this regard, AICTE has provided a model of Induction Program, which has been accommodated with certain modification and also overall credits proposed by AICTE in their model curriculum.

The present curriculum will be implemented for First Year of Engineering from the academic year 2019-20. Subsequently this system will be carried forward for Second Year Engineering in the academic year 2020-21, for Third Year and Final Year Engineering in the academic years 2021-22, 2022-23, respectively.

Dr. Suresh K. Ukarande Dean (I/C) Faculty of Science and Technology Member, Senate Academic Council Board of Dean's, BOEE, RRC University of Mumbai, Mumbai

Structure for

Student Induction Program

New students enter an institution with diverse thoughts, backgrounds and preparations. It is important to help them adjust to the new environment and inculcate in them the ethos of the institution with a sense of larger purpose.

The Induction Program is designed to make the newly joined students feel comfortable, sensitize them towards exploring their academic interests and activities, reducing competition and making them work for excellence, promote bonding within them, build relations between teachers and students, give a broader view of life, and building of character.

Its purpose is to make the students feel comfortable in their new environment, open them up, set a healthy daily routine, create bonding in the batch as well as between faculty and students, develop awareness, sensitivity and understanding of the self, people around them, society at large, and nature.

Transition from school to university/college life is one of the most challenging events in student's life. Therefore, it should be taken seriously, and as something more than the mere orientation program.

The time during the Induction Program is also used to rectify some critical lacunas, for example, English background, for those students who have deficiency in it.

New students be informed that the Induction is mandatory non-credit course for which a certificate will be issued by the institution.

At the start of the induction, the incumbents learn about the institutional policies, processes, practices, culture and values, and their mentor groups are formed. The different activities are:

- Orientation: In the first session of Induction program learners and parents to be oriented about institute policies, processes, practices, culture and values. In addition to this, learners will be educated for 1st year academic program information in terms of academic calendar, Assessment plan, grading information, university ordinances, rules and regulations related to academics.
- 2. Mentoring: Mentoring and connecting the students with faculty members is the most important part of student induction. Mentoring process shall be carried out in small groups, group of 10 students to be formed and allocate one senior student from 3rd year of same program in which new students have taken admission, students mentor will continue for two years, till student mentors graduate from the institute. For two (2) such groups one faculty mentor to be allocated from the same department/program, who will remain the mentor till those students graduates from the institute. In the second session of Induction program, groups for mentoring to be formed and student mentors and faculty mentors to be introduced to newly inducted students. Introduction of mentoring system to be given to new students. Minimum one meeting to be conducted every month during semesters with students group by faculty mentors. For record keeping appropriate formats to be developed and information to be updated regularly by faculty mentors.

- 3. Universal Human Values: Universal Human Values gets the student to explore oneself and experience the joy of learning, prepares one to stand up to peer pressure and take decisions with courage, be aware of relationships and be sensitive to others, understand the role of money in life and experience the feeling of prosperity. Need for character building has been underlined by many thinkers, universal human values provide the base. Methodology of teaching this content is extremely important. It must not be through do's and dont's, but by getting the students to explore and think by engaging them in a dialogue. It is best taught through group discussions and real life activities rather than lecturing. The role of group discussions, however, with clarity of thought of the teachers cannot be over emphasized. It is essential for giving exposure, guiding thoughts, and realizing values.
- 4. **Proficiency Modules**: The induction program period can be used to overcome some critical lacunas that students might have, for example, English, Mathematics, computer familiarity etc. These should run like crash courses, so that when normal courses start after the induction program, the student has overcome the lacunas substantially.

A diagnostic test should be conducted on Day 2 itself. Before the test, the students should be informed that the test would not affect their grades, branch change, or any aspect of their admission, placement, study, etc. Purpose of the test is to provide help to those students who need help in English, Mathematics, Computer proficiency etc. Students having more than 80% marks in their qualifying examination in respective subjects need not take the diagnostic test. For those below this cut-off, writing the test is mandatory. Students with weak performance in the test, must attend a non-credit course in Basic English, Basic Mathematics, and Basic Computer Operation etc. Their attending the course is mandatory. There would be no separate fee payable for the course. The classes of Basic courses must start from Day 4 at the latest. Students those who are excluded from basic courses, for them some activity in the domain of creative arts, cultural and literature to be organised.

5. **Physical Activity**: Fitness session, yoga classes, lecture(s) on facing world with sportsman spirit, making young students aware that there is nothing like being failure in the world. The world gives opportunities to all.

The incoming students must be divided into batches of 50 students maximum, and a qualified coach in physical education/ faculty member should be attached to each batch. The list of available games, sport, or physical activities should be announced in orientation program on Day 1. They should be asked to fill their choice with three preferences, and the game or sport be allotted to them as per their preference. The physical activity should start from Day 3 onwards, wherein the student learns and plays his assigned game during the induction program. It is also important that along with his assigned game the student also practises yoga.

6. **Creative Arts, Cultural and Literary Activity**: Qualified instructors for arts may be hired on contract basis and be paid honorarium as per norms of the institute. Daily 90 to 120 minute sessions may be arranged. The list of available art forms, such as vocal music, instrumental music, folk music, painting,

sketching, dance, group dance, clay modelling, pottery, dramatics, etc. should be announced. They should be asked to fill their choice with three preferences, and the art form be allotted to them as per their preference. There should be sufficient number of teachers for each art form. The ratio may be kept as 1 teacher for every 25 students.

A faculty member interested in literary activity should be assigned for organizing the activity. A list of books which are interesting and educational should be prepared beforehand. Books in Indian languages must be included and even given priority. Students are losing connection with languages in general and their own language, in particular. Students should be assigned a book or other smaller reading material. They should be asked to read and write a critical summary. They should present their summary in front of their group. A literary group may consist of around 30-40 students. Similarly, debating and public speaking activity could also be undertaken. If the college can arrange for a drama workshop where a group of students learn and enact a play it would be very good. Not all the incoming students would do this, but those who wish may be provided the opportunity. Help may be taken from senior students engaged in such extra-curricular activities in the college.

- 7. **Familiarisation with Institute and Department**: The students admitted in a branch would visit their allotted department or branch. The Head of the department and other associated faculty should address the new student's right on Day 2 or so. Arrangements should be made about the meeting/gathering. The parents of the students should also be welcomed if they accompany their ward. It would be helpful if an alumnus of the Dept. relates his professional experience related to the field of the study to the incoming students.
- 8. Lectures /Workshops by Eminent People: Eminent people from all walks of life may be invited to deliver lectures, namely, from industry, academia, social science (authors, historians), social work, civil society, alumni etc. be identified and invited to come and address the new students. Motivational lectures about life, meditation, etc. by Ramakrishna Mission, Art of Living, S-VYASA university, VivekanandKendras, etc. may be organized. Workshops which rejuvenate or bring relief to students would also be welcome, such as, Art of Living workshops.
- 9. Extra-Curricular Activity: Every college has extra-curricular activities. Most of them are student driven. They are organized by student councils and clubs. The extra-curricular activities going on in the college should be presented to the new students under the guidance of faculty advisors for such activity. The new students should be informed about how they can join the activities. Related facilities should be described to them. Presentation on the activities by the student council should be made.
- 10. **Feedback and Report on the Program**: A formal feedback at the end of the program should be collected from students by their filling a form in writing or online. Besides the above, each group (of 20 students) should write a report on the Induction Program towards the end of the semester. They would also have to make a presentation of their report. They should be encouraged to use slides while making a

presentation. Presentation of the report should be made in the language they are comfortable with, without any insistence that it should be in English. It is more important that they feel comfortable and confident. Each group may make the presentation through 4-5 of its group members or more. In case, the number of new students in a college is large, the presentation should be made by each group in front of 4 other groups besides their own, thus there would be about 100 students (in 5 groups) in the audience in a session. Several such sessions could run in parallel or serially. In each session, their faculty mentors and student guides, if any, should also be in the audience. These sessions would tell you how well the program ran, and what the students are feeling at the end of the program. This would also serve as a grand closure to the program.

A certificate shall be awarded to all the students, upon successful completion of the induction program based on their report and presentation.

Day 1	Session 1	Orientation program
Day I	Session 2	Mentoring (group formation and introduction)
	Session 3	Diagnostic test (basic English, maths and computer operation)
Day 2	Session 4	Familiarisation of Department and Institute (Visits to department, laboratory,Library, Examination cell, office etc)
Day 3	Session 5	Physical Activity (Yoga, sports etc)
Day 5	Session 6	Universal human values session
Day 4	Session 7	Proficiency Modules (Short courses on basic maths, English and computer operation etc. for identified students)
	Session 8	Physical Activity (Yoga, sports etc)
Day 5	Session 9	Proficiency Modules (Short courses on basic maths, English and computer operation etc. for identified students)
	Session 10	Creative Arts, Cultural and Literary Activity

Tentative schedule of 1st Week Induction Program:

A session may be conducted for around 2-3 hours each.

Minimum 12 sessions to be conducted from the following 20 sessions, from 2^{nd} week to last week of academics, throughout the semester.

Session 11	Physical Activity (Yoga, sports etc)- 1
Session 12	Extra-Curricular Activity- 1
Session 13	Physical Activity (Yoga, sports etc)-2
Session 14	Extra-Curricular Activity- 2
Session 15	Physical Activity (Yoga, sports etc)- 3
Session 16	Lectures /Workshops by Eminent People- 1
Session 17	Physical Activity (Yoga, sports etc)- 4
Session 18	Lectures /Workshops by Eminent People- 2
Session 19	Creative Arts, Cultural and Literary Activity- 1
Session 20	Lectures /Workshops by Eminent People- 3
Session 21	Creative Arts, Cultural and Literary Activity- 2
Session 22	Universal Human Values- 1(Group Discussion among students as per
56551011 22	mentoring group on various aspects of life, values, ethics etc.)
Session 23	Creative Arts, Cultural and Literary Activity- 3
Session 24	Universal Human Values- 2 (Group Discussion among students as per
56551011 24	mentoring group on various aspects of life, values, ethics etc.)
Session 25	Creative Arts, Cultural and Literary Activity- 4
Session 26	Universal Human Values- 3 (Group Discussion among students as per
56551011 20	mentoring group on various aspects of life, values, ethics etc.)
Session 27	Creative Arts, Cultural and Literary Activity- 5
Session 28	Physical Activity (Yoga, sports etc)- 5
Session 29	Feedback and Report on the Program- 1
Session 30	Feedback and Report on the Program- 2

Program Structure for First Year Engineering Semester I & II UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI

(With Effect from 2019-2020)

Semester I

Course Code	Course Name		aching So ontact H			(Credits A	ssigned	
Code		Theory	Pract	. Tu	it. T	neory	Pract.	Tut.	Total
FEC101	Engineering Mathematics-I	3		1	*	3		1	4
FEC102	Engineering Physics-I	2			-	2			2
FEC103	Engineering Chemistry-I	2		-	-	2			2
FEC104	Engineering Mechanics	3			-	3			3
FEC105	Basic Electrical Engineering	3		-	-	3			3
FEL101	Engineering Physics-I		1	_	-		0.5		0.5
FEL102	Engineering Chemistry-I		1	-	-		0.5		0.5
FEL103	Engineering Mechanics		2	-	-		1		1
FEL104	Basic Electrical Engineering		2	_	-		1		1
FEL105	Basic Workshop practice-I		2	-	-		1		1
	Total	13	08	0	1	13	04	01	18
					Examina	tion Scheme			
		Theory							
Course Code	Course Name	Intern	al Assess	ment	End	Exam	Tern	n Pract.	Total
		Test1	Test 2	Avg.	Sem. Exam.	Duratio (in Hrs	Mor	 01 mk Pract. /oral -	10141
FEC101	Engineering Mathematics-I	20	20	20	80	3	25		125
FEC102	Engineering Physics-I	15	15	15	60	2			75
FEC103	Engineering Chemistry-I	15	15	15	60	2			75
FEC104	Engineering Mechanics	20	20	20	80	3			100
FEC105	Basic Electrical Engineering	20	20	20	80	3			100
FEL101	Engineering Physics-I						25		25
FEL102	Engineering Chemistry-I						25		25
FEL103	Engineering Mechanics						25	25	50
FEL104	Basic Electrical Engineering						25	25	50
FEL105	Basic Workshop practice-I						50		50
	Total			90	360		175	50	675

* May be conducted batch-wise

Semester II

Course Code	Course Name		aching So ontact H				Cro	edits As	signed	
Coue		Theory	Pract	. Tu	ıt. Tl	neory	Pr	act.	Tut.	Total
FEC201	Engineering Mathematics-II	3		1	*	3	-		1	4
FEC202	Engineering Physics-II	2			-	2				2
FEC203	Engineering Chemistry-II	2		_	-	2				2
FEC204	Engineering Graphics	2			-	2	-			2
FEC205	C programming	2		-	-	2				2
FEC206	Professional Communication and Ethics- I	2		-	-	2	-			2
FEL201	Engineering Physics-II		1		-		0	.5		0.5
FEL202	Engineering Chemistry-II		1	-	-		0	.5		0.5
FEL203	Engineering Graphics		4		-			2		2
FEL204	C programming		2		-			1		1
FEL205	Professional Communication and Ethics- I		2		-			1		1
FEL206	Basic Workshop practice-II		2		-			1		1
	Total	13	12	0	1	13	0)6	01	20
					Examina	tion Sc	hem	I.		
~			y							
Course Code	Course Name	Interna	al Assess	ment	End	End Exar		Term	Pract.	Total
		Test1	Test 2	Avg.	Sem. Exam.	Dura (in H		Work	/oral	Total
FEC201	Engineering Mathematics-II	20	20	20	80	3		25		125
FEC202	Engineering Physics-II	15	15	15	60	2				75
FEC203	Engineering Chemistry-II	15	15	15	60	2				75
FEC204	Engineering Graphics	15	15	15	60	3				75
FEC205	C programming	15	15	15	60	2				75
FEC206	Professional Communication and Ethics- I	10	10	10	40	2				50
FEL201	Engineering Physics-II							25		25
FEL202	Engineering Chemistry-II							25		25
FEL203	Engineering Graphics							25	50	75
FEL204	C programming							25	25	50
FEL205	Professional Communication and Ethics- I							25		25
FEL206	Basic Workshop practice-II							50		50
	Total			90	360			200	75	725

* May be conducted batch-wise

Course	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)				Credits Assigned					
Code		Theory	Pract	t. T	ut. T	heory I	Pract.	Tut.	Total		
FEC101	Engineering Mathematics-I	3		1	*	3		1	4		
		Examination Scheme									
G				Theor	у						
Course Code	Course Name	Internal Assessment E			End	Exam.	Term	Pract.	Total		
		Test1	Test 2	Avg.	Sem. Exam	Duration (in Hrs)		/oral	Total		
FEC101	Engineering Mathematics-I	20	20	20	80	3	25		125		

Objectives

- 1. To develop the basic Mathematical skills of engineering students that are imperative for effective understanding of engineering subjects. The topics introduced will serve as basic tools for specialized studies in many fields of engineering and technology.
- 2. To provide hands on experience using SCILAB software to handle real life problems.

Outcomes: Learners will be able to...

- 1. Illustrate the basic concepts of Complex numbers.
- 2. Apply the knowledge of complex numbers o solve problems in hyperbolic functions and logarithmic function.
- 3. Illustrate the basic principles of Partial differentiation.
- 4. Illustrate the knowledge of Maxima, Minima and Successive differentiation.
- 5. Apply principles of basic operations of matrices, rank and echelon form of matrices to solve simultaneous equations.
- 6. Illustrate SCILAB programming techniques to the solution oflinearand simultaneous algebraic equations.

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs.
	Complex Numbers	
	Pre-requisite: Review of Complex Numbers-Algebra of Complex Number,	
 Complex Numbers Pre-requisite: Review of Complex Numbers-Algebra of Complex Number, Cartesian, polar and exponential form of complex number. 1.1. Statement of D'Moivre's Theorem. 1.2. Expansion of sinn θ, cosnθ in terms of sines and cosines of multiples of θ and Expansion of sinnθ, cosnθ in powers of sinθ, cosθ 1.3. Powers and Roots of complex number. Hyperbolic function and Logarithm of Complex Numbers 2.1. Circular functions of complex number and Hyperbolic functions. Inverse Circularand Inverse Hyperbolic functions. Separation of real and imaginary parts of all typesof Functions. 02 2.2 Logarithmic functions, Separation of real and Imaginary parts of Logarithmic Functions. # Self learning topics: Applications of complex number in Signal processing, 		
	1.1. Statement of D'Moivre's Theorem.	2
	1.2. Expansion of sinn θ , cosn θ in terms of sines and cosines of multiples of θ	2
	and Expansion of sinn θ , cosn θ in powers of sin θ , cos θ	
	1.3. Powers and Roots of complex number.	2
	Hyperbolic function and Logarithm of Complex Numbers	
	2.1. Circular functions of complex number and Hyperbolic functions. Inverse	3
	Circularand Inverse Hyperbolic functions. Separation of real and imaginary	
02	2.2 Logarithmic functions, Separation of real and Imaginary parts of Logarithmic	3
	Functions.	
	# Self learning topics: Applications of complex number in Signal processing,	
	Electrical circuits.	

	Partial Differentiation	3
	3.1 Partial Differentiation: Function of several variables, Partial derivatives of first and higher order. Differentiation of composite function.	5
02	3.2.Euler's Theorem on Homogeneous functions with two independent variables	3
03	(with proof). Deductions from Euler's Theorem.	
	# Self learning topics: Total differentials, implicit functions, Euler's Theorem	
	on Users services for sticks with three index or don't worishles	
	Homogeneous functions with three independent variables.	
	Applications of Partial Differentiation and Successive differentiation.	3
	4.1 Maxima and Minima of a function of two independent variables, Lagrange's method of undetermined multipliers with one constraint.	
04	4.2 Successive differentiation: nth derivative of standard functions. Leibnitz's	3
	Theorem (without proof) and problems	5
	# Self learning topics: Jacobian's of two and three independent variables (simple	
	problems)	
	Matrices Pre-requisite: Inverse of a matrix, addition, multiplication and transpose of a	
	matrix	
	5.1.Types of Matrices (symmetric, skew- symmetric, Hermitian, Skew	4
05	Hermitian, Unitary, Orthogonal Matrices and properties of Matrices). Rank	
	of a Matrix using Echelon forms, reduction to normal form and PAQ form.	
	5.2.System of homogeneous and non –homogeneous equations, their consistency and solutions.	2
	# Self learning topics: Application of inverse of a matrix to coding theory.	
	Numerical Solutions of Transcendental Equations and System of Linear	
	Equations and Expansion of Function.	2
	6.1 Solution of Transcendental Equations: Solution by Newton Raphson	2
	method andRegula – Falsi.	2
	6.2 Solution of system of linear algebraic equations, by (1) Gauss Jacobi	2
0.6	Iteration	2
06	Method, (2) Gauss Seidal Iteration Method.	
	6.3 Taylor's Theorem (Statement only) and Taylor's series, Maclaurin's series	
	(Statement only).Expansion of $e^x \sin(x)$, $\cos(x)$, $\tan(x)$, $\sinh(x)$, $\cosh(x)$,	
	tanh(x), log(1+x), (x), (x), (x).	
	# Self learning topics: Indeterminate forms, L- Hospital Rule, Gauss Elimination	
	Method, Gauss Jordan Method.	
	,	

Term Work

General Instructions:

- 1. Batch wise tutorials are to be conducted. The number of students per batch should be as per University pattern for practicals.
- 2. Students must be encouraged to write SCILAB Programs in tutorial class only. Each Student has to write at least 4 SCILAB tutorials (including print out) and at least 6 class tutorials on entire syllabus.
- 3. SCILAB Tutorials will be based on (i) Guass Elimination Method (ii) GuassSeidal Iteration method (iii) Gauss Jacobi Iteration Method (iv) Newton Raphson Method (v) Regula –Falsi method (vi) Maxima and Minima of functions of two variables

The distribution of marks for term work shall be as follows:

- Class Tutorials on entire syllabus: 10 marks
- SCILAB Tutorials: 10 marks
- Attendance (Theory and Tutorial): 05 marks

The final certification and acceptance of TW ensures the satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing in the TW.

Assessment

Internal Assessment Test

Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 35% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.

End Semester Examination

In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mention in the syllabus.

- 1. Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2. Question number 1 will be compulsory and based on maximum contents of the syllabus
- 3. Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (for example, if Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from other than module 3)
- 4. Total four questions need to be solved.

References

- 1. Higher Engineering Mathematics, Dr. B. S. Grewal, Khanna Publication
- 2. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Erwin Kreyszig, Wiley Eastern Limited, 9th Ed.
- 3. Engineering Mathematics by Srimanta Pal and Subodh, C. Bhunia, Oxford University Press
- 4. Matrices, Shanti Narayan, .S. Chand publication.
- 5. Applied Numerical Methods with MATLAB for Engineers and Scientists by Steven Chapra, McGraw Hill
- 6. Elementary Linear Algebra with Application by Howard Anton and Christ Rorres. 6th edition.John Wiley & Sons, INC.

Course	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)				Credits Assigned					
Code		Theor	y Pra	ct.	Tut.	Theory	Tut.	Pract.	Total		
FEC102	Engineering Physics-I	2	-		-	2	-	-	2		
			Examination Scheme								
C				Theo	ry						
Course Code	Course Name	Internal Assessment E			End	Exam.	Term	Pract	. Tot		
		Test1	Test 2	Avg.	Sem Exan			x /oral	al		
FEC102	Engineering Physics-I	15	15	15	60	2			75		

Rationale:

Most of the engineering branches are being off-spring of basic sciences where physics is playing a pivotal role in concept and understanding of foundation of core engineering branches. This syllabus is developed by keeping in mind, needs of all branches that we offer in University of Mumbai.

The topic distribution is being done in systematic manner and whenever required, prerequisite to the topic are mentioned for frictionless teaching–learning process. In the distribution of topics, core physics and its applied form are given priority. At the same time few modules are introduced over emerging trends in the field of technology.

For the purpose of emphasis on applied part, list of suggestive experiments is added. As per new guidelines of AICTE, a scope is kept in the syllabus for simulation technique and use of information technology to supplement laboratory practices. Further, it is ensured that these modules will cover prerequisites needed for engineering courses to be introduced in higher semesters as core subjects or as interdisciplinary subjects in respective branches.

Objectives

- 1. To understand basic physics concepts and founding principles of technology.
- 2. To develop scientific temperament for scientific observations, recording, and inference drawing essential for technology studies.

Outcomes: Learners will be able to...

- 1. Illustrate the fundamentals of quantum mechanics and its application.
- 2. Explain peculiar properties of crystal structure and apply them in crystallography using X-ray diffraction techniques.
- 3. Comprehend the concepts of semiconductor physics and applications of semiconductors in electronic devices.
- 4. Employ the concept of interference in thin films in measurements.
- 5. Discuss the properties of Superconductors and Supercapacitors to apply them in novel applications.
- 6. Compare the properties of engineering materials for their current and futuristic frontier applications.

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs.
01	QUANTUM PHYSICS (Prerequisites : Dual nature of radiation, Photoelectric effect Matter waves- wave nature of particles, de-Broglie relation, Davisson-Germer experiment)	07
	De Broglie hypothesis of matter waves; properties of matter waves; wave packet,	

	AC – 2	0/01/20
	phase velocity and group velocity; Wave function; Physical interpretation of wave function; Heisenberg uncertainty principle; non existence of electron in nucleus; Schrodinger's time dependent wave equation; time independent wave equation; Particle trapped in one dimensional infinite potential well, Quantum Computing.	
02	CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (Prerequisites : Crystal Physics (Unit cell, Space lattice, Crystal structure, Simple Cubic, Body Centered Cubic, Face Centered Cubic, Diamond Structure, Production of X-rays) Miller indices; interplanar spacing; X-ray diffraction and Bragg's law; Determination of Crystal structure using Bragg's diffractometer;	03
03	 SEMICONDUCTOR PHYSICS (Prerequisites: Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors, Energy bands in conductors, semiconductors and insulators, Semiconductor diode, I-V characteristics in forward and reverse bias) Direct & indirect band gap semiconductor; Fermi level; Fermi dirac distribution; Fermi energy level in intrinsic & extrinsic semiconductors; effect of impurity concentration and temperature on fermi level; mobility, current density; Hall Effect; Fermi Level diagram for p-n junction (unbiased, forward bias, reverse bias); Applications of semiconductors: LED, Zener diode, Photovoltaic cell. 	06
04	 INTERFERENCE IN THIN FILM (Prerequisites : Wave front and Huygen's principle, reflection and refraction, Interference by division of wave front, Youngs double slit experiment) Interference by division of amplitude, Interference in thin film of constant thickness due to reflected and transmitted light; origin of colours in thin film; Wedge shaped film; Newton's rings. Applications of interference - Determination of thickness of very thin wire or foil; determination ofrefractive index of liquid; wavelength of incident light; radius of curvature of lens; testing of surfaceflatness; Anti-reflecting films and Highly reflecting film. 	06
05	Superconductors:Critical temperature, critical magnetic field, Meissner's effect, Type I and Type II and high Tc superconductors;Supercapacitors:Principle, construction, materials and applications, comparison with capacitor and batteries : Energy density, Power density,	02
06	 ENGINEERING MATERIALS AND APPLICATIONS (Prerequisites: Paramagnetic materials, diamagnetic materials, ferromagnetic materials, crystal physics, Conductors and insulators, free charges and bound charges inside a conductor. Dielectrics and electric polarisation, capacitors and capacitance) Liquid crystals: Nematic, Smectic and cholesteric phases, Liquid crystal display. Multiferroics : Type I & Type II multiferroics and applications, 	02

	Magnetoresistive	Oxides:	Magnetoresistance,	GMR	and	CMR	materials,	
	introduction to sp	intronics.						

Assessment

Internal Assessment Test

Assessment consists of two class tests of 15 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 35% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.

End Semester Examination

In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mention in the syllabus.

- 1. Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 15 marks.
- 2. Question number 1 will be compulsory and based on maximum contents of the syllabus
- 3. Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (for example, if Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from other than module 3)
- 4. Total four questions need to be solved.

References

- 1. A text book of Engineering Physics-Avadhanulu&Kshirsagar, S. Chand
- 2. A textbook of Optics N. Subramanyam and Brijlal, S.Chand
- 3. Fundamentals of optics by Jenkins and White, McGrawHill
- 4. Solid State Electronic Devices- B. G. Streetman, Prentice Hall Publisher
- 5. Modern Engineering Physics Vasudeva, S.Chand
- 6. Concepts of Modern Physics- ArtherBeiser, Tata McGraw Hill
- 7. A Text Book of Engineering Physics, S. O. Pillai, New Age International Publishers.
- 8. Introduction to Solid State Physics- C. Kittle, John Wiley& Sons publisher
- 9. Ultracapacitors: The future of energy storage- R.P Deshpande, McGraw Hill
- 10. Advanced functional materials AshutoshTiwari, LokmanUzun, Scrivener Publishing LLC.

Course	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)				Credits Assigned				
Code		Theory	y Pra	act.	Tut.	Theory	Tut.	Pract. Pract. /oral	Total	
FEC103	Engineering Chemistry-I	02		-	-	02	-	-	2	
		Examination Scheme								
G				Theor	у					
Course Code	Course Name	Internal Assessment End			End	Exam.	Term	Pract.	Total	
		Test1	Test 2	Avg.	Sem. Exam.	Duration (in Hrs)	Work	Pract. Pract. /oral	Total	
FEC103	Engineering Chemistry-I	15	15	15	60	2			75	

Objectives

1. The concepts developed in this course will aid in quantification as well as understand the applications of several concepts in Chemistry that have been introduced at the 10 + 2 levels in schools.

Outcomes: Learners will be able to...

- 1. Explain the concept of microscopic chemistry in terms of atomic and molecular orbital theory and relate it to diatomic molecules.
- 2. Describe the concept of aromaticity and interpret it with relation to specific aromatic systems.
- 3. Illustrate the knowledge of various types of intermolecular forces and relate it to real gases.
- 4. Interpret various phase transformations using thermodynamics.
- 5. Illustrate the knowledge of polymers, fabrication methods, conducting polymers in various industrial fields.
- 6. Analyze the quality of water and suggest suitable methods of treatment.

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs.
01	Atomic and Molecular Structure Atomic orbitals (s,p,d,f) orbital shapes, Electronic Configuration, Molecular orbital theory (MOT), bonding and anti-bonding orbitals, Molecular orbital diagrams of Homonuclear and Heteronuclear diatomic molecules-Be ₂ , O ₂ , CO, NO their bond order and magnetic properties,	04
02	Aromatic systems & their molecular structure Define Aromaticity, Huckel's rule, Structure and bonding of benzene and pyrrole.	02
03	Intermolecular Forces & Critical Phenomena Ionic, dipolar and Vander Waal's interactions, Equations of state of real gases and critical phenomena	03
04	Phase Rule-Gibb's Phase Rule Statement of Gibbs' Phase Rule, Terms involved with examples, One Component System (Water), Reduced Phase Rule, Two Component System (Pb- Ag), Advantages and Limitations of Phase Rule. Numerical problems on Phase Rule.	05
05	Polymers Introduction: Definition- Polymer, polymerization, Properties of Polymers- Molecular weight (Number average and Weight average), Numerical problems on molecular weight, effect of heat on polymers (glass transition temperature),	05

	Viscoelasticity, Conducting Polymers, Classification-Thermoplastic and Thermosetting polymers; Compounding of plastic, Fabrication of plastic by Compression, Injection, Transfer and Extrusion moulding, Preparation, properties and uses of PMMA and Kevlar.	
06	Water Introduction - Impurities in water, hardness of water- units (no conversions), types and numerical problems, determination of hardness of water by EDTA method and numerical problems.Softening of water by Ion Exchange process and numerical problems, BOD, COD- definition, significance and Numerical problems. Water purification-membrane technology- Electrodialysis, Reverse osmosis, and Ultra filtration.	05

Assessment

Internal Assessment Test

Assessment consists of two class tests of 15 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 35% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.

End Semester Examination

In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mentioned in the syllabus.

- 1. Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 15 marks.
- 2. Question number 1 will be compulsory and based on maximum contents of the syllabus
- 3. Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (for example, if Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from other than module 3)
- 4. Total four questions need to be solved.

References

- 1. Engineering Chemistry Jain & Jain (DhanpatRai)
- 2. Engineering Chemistry Dara & Dara (S Chand)
- 3. Engineering Chemistry Wiley India (ISBN 9788126519880)
- 4. A Text Book of Engineering Chemistry ShashiChawla (DhanpatRai)
- 5. Engineering Chemistry Payal Joshi & Shashank Deep (Oxford University Press)
- 6. Concise Inorganic Chemistry J D LEE
- 7. Essentials of Physical Chemistry—B S BahlArunBahl G D Tuli.

Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)				Credits Assigned				
Code		Theory	y Pra	act.	Tut.	Theory	Tut.	Pract.	Total	
FEC104	Engineering Mechanics	3	3			3			3	
		Examination Scheme								
G	Course Name	Theory								
Course Code		Internal Assessment End				Exam.	Term	Pract.	Total	
		Test1	Test 2	Avg.	Sem. Exam.	Duration (in Hrs)	Work	/oral	Total	
FEC104	Engineering Mechanics	20	20	20	80	3			100	

Objectives

- 1. To familiarize the concept of equilibrium and friction
- 2. To study and analyze motion of moving particles/bodies.

Outcomes: Learners will be able to...

- 1. Illustrate the concept of force, moment and apply the same along with the concept of equilibrium in two and three dimensional systems with the help of FBD.
- 2. Demonstrate the understanding of Centroid and its significance and locate the same.
- 3. Correlate real life application to specific type of friction and estimate required force to overcome friction.
- 4. Establish relation between velocity and acceleration of a particle and analyze the motion by plotting the relation
- 5. Illustrate different types of motions and establish Kinematic relations for a rigid body
- 6. Analyze particles in motion using force and acceleration, work-energy and impulsemomentum principles

Self-Study/pre-requisites Topics:

Resolution of a forces. Use of trigonometry functions. Parallelogram law of forces. Law of triangle. Polygon law of forces, Lami's theorem. Concepts of Vector Algebra.

Uniformly accelerated motion along straight line, motion under gravity, projectile motion, Time of flight, Horizontal range, Maximum height of a projectile.

Law of conservation of Energy, Law of conservation of Momentum, Collision of Elastic Bodies.

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs.
01	 1.1 System of Coplanar Forces: Classification of force systems, Principle of transmissibility, composition and resolution of forces. 1.2 Resultant: Resultant of coplanar and Non Coplanar (Space Force) force system (Concurrent forces, parallel forces and non-concurrent Non-parallel system of forces). Moment of force about a point, Couples, Varignon's Theorem. Force couple system. Distributed Forces in plane. 	06
	Centroid: First moment of Area, Centroid of composite plane Laminas	03

2.1 Equilibrium of System of Coplanar Forces:	
Conditions of equilibrium for concurrent forces, parallel forces and non- concurrent non- parallel general forces and Couples. Equilibrium of rigid bodies- free body diagrams.	04
Types of beams, simple and compound beams, type of supports and reaction: Determination of reactions at supports for various types of loads on beams. (Excluding problems on internal hinges)	03
Friction:	
Revision of Static Friction, Dynamic/ Kinetic Friction, Coefficient of Friction, Angle of Friction, Laws of friction. Concept of Cone of friction. Equilibrium of bodies on inclined plane. Application to problems involving	04
Motion of particle with variable acceleration. General curvilinear motion. Tangential& Normal component of acceleration, Motion curves (a-t, v-t, s-t	04
Kinematics of Rigid Body:	
Translation, Rotation and General Plane motion of Rigid body. The concept of Instantaneous center of rotation (ICR) for the velocity. Location of ICR for 2 link mechanism. Velocity analysis of rigid body using ICR.	03
6.1 Kinetics of a Particle:	
Force and Acceleration: -Introduction to basic concepts, D'Alemberts Principle, concept of Inertia force, Equations of dynamic equilibrium, Newton's second law of motion. (Analysis limited to simple systems only.)	04
6.2 Kinetics of a Particle: Work and Energy:	
Work Energy principle for a particle in motion. Application of Work – Energy principle to a system consists of connected masses and Springs.	04
6.3 Kinetics of a Particle: Impulse and Momentum:	
Principle of linear impulse and momentum.	
Impact and collision: Law of conservation of momentum, Coefficient of	03
Restitution. Direct Central Impact and Oblique Central Impact. Loss of Kinetic Energy in collision of inelastic bodies.	
	 Conditions of equilibrium for concurrent forces, parallel forces and non-concurrent non- parallel general forces and Couples. Equilibrium of rigid bodies-free body diagrams. 2.2 Equilibrium of Beams: Types of beams, simple and compound beams, type of supports and reaction: Determination of reactions at supports for various types of loads on beams. (Excluding problems on internal hinges) Friction: Revision of Static Friction, Dynamic/ Kinetic Friction, Coefficient of Friction, Angle of Friction, Laws of friction. Concept of Cone of friction. Equilibrium of bodies on inclined plane. Application to problems involving wedges and ladders. Kinematics of Particle: Motion of particle with variable acceleration. General curvilinear motion. Tangential& Normal component of acceleration, Motion curves (a-t, v-t, s-t curves). Application of concepts of projectile motion and related numerical. Kinematics of Rigid Body: Translation, Rotation and General Plane motion of Rigid body. The concept of Instantaneous center of rotation (ICR) for the velocity. Location of ICR for 2 link mechanism. Velocity analysis of rigid body using ICR. 6.1 Kinetics of a Particle: Force and Acceleration: -Introduction to basic concepts, D'Alemberts Principle, concept of Inertia force, Equations of dynamic equilibrium, Newton's second law of motion. (Analysis limited to simple systems only.) 6.2 Kinetics of a Particle: Work and Energy: Work Energy principle for a particle in motion. Application of Work – Energy principle to a system consists of connected masses and Springs. 6.3 Kinetics of a Particle: Impulse and Momentum: Principle of linear impulse and momentum. Impact and collision: Law of conservation of momentum, Coefficient of Restitution. Direct Central Impact and Oblique Central Impact. Loss of Kinetic

Assessment:

Internal Assessment Test:

Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 35% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.

End Semester Theory Examination:

- 1. Question paper will comprise of total 06 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2. 10 percentage of marks will be asked from the self-study topics.
- 3. Total 04 questions need to be solved.
- 4. Question No: 01 will be compulsory and based on entire syllabus wherein sub-questions of 2 to 5 marks will be asked.
- 5. Remaining questions will be mixed in nature.(e.g. Suppose Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)

6. In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hrs as mentioned in the syllabus.

References:

- 1. Engineering Mechanics by R. C.Hibbeler.
- 2. Engineering Mechanics by Beer & Johnston, Tata McGrawHill
- 3. Engineering Mechanics by F. L. Singer, Harper& RawPublication
- 4. Engineering Mechanics by Macklin & Nelson, Tata McGrawHill
- 5. Engineering Mechanics by ShaumSeries
- 6. Engineering Mechanics by A K Tayal, UmeshPublication.
- 7. Engineering Mechanics by Kumar, Tata McGrawHill
- 8. Engineering Mechanics (Statics) by Meriam and Kraige, WileyBools
- 9. Engineering Mechanics (Dynamics) by Meriam and Kraige, WileyBools

Course	Course Name		eaching Contact			Credits Assigned			
Code		Theory Pract. T		Tut.	Theory	Tut.	Pract.	Total	
FEC105	Basic Electrical Engineering	3				3			3
		Examination Scheme							
G	Course Name			Theor	y				
Course Code		Internal Assessment End				Exam.	Term	Pract.	Total
		Test1	Test 2	Avg.	Sem. Exam.	Duration (in Hrs)	Work	/oral	TUTAL
FEC105	Basic Electrical Engineering	20	20	20	80	3			100

Objectives

- 1. To provide knowledge on fundamentals of D.C. circuits and single phase and three phase AC circuits and its applications.
- 2. To inculcate knowledge on the basic operation and performance of $1-\Phi$ transformer.
- 3. To provide knowledge on fundamentals of DC and AC machines.

Outcomes: Learner will be able to...

- 1. Apply various network theorems to determine the circuit response / behavior.
- 2. Evaluate and analyze $1-\Phi$ circuits.
- 3. Evaluate and analyze $3-\Phi$ AC circuits.
- 4. Understand the constructional features and operation of 1- Φ transformer.
- 5. Illustrate the working principle of $3-\Phi$ machine.
- 6. Illustrate the working principle of $1-\Phi$ machines.

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs.
Prereq uisite	Resistance, inductance, capacitance, series and parallel connections of resistance, concepts of voltage, current, power and energy and its units. Working of wattmeter, Magnetic circuits, MMF, Magnetic field strength, reluctance, series and parallel magnetic circuits, BH Curve, Time domain analysis of first order RL and RC circuits	
01	DC Circuits: (Only independent source) Kirchhoff's Laws, Ideal and practical Voltage and current Sources, Source Transformation, Mesh and Nodal Analysis, Star-Delta / Delta-Star Transformations, Superposition, Thevenin's Theorem, Norton's Theorem and Maximum Power Transfer Theorem.	12
02	AC Circuits :Generation of alternating voltage, basic definitions, average and r.m.s values, phasor and phase difference, sums on phasors, Single-phase ac series and parallel circuits consisting of R, L, C, RL, RC, RLC combinations, definitions - real, reactive and apparent power, admittance (Y), Series and parallel resonance, Q factor	10
03	Generation of Three-Phase Voltages, voltage & current relationships in Star and Delta Connections, power measurement in three phase balanced circuit(Only two wattmeter method).	04

04	Transformers: Working principle of single-phase transformer, EMF equation of a transformer, Transformer losses, Actual (practical) and ideal transformer, Phasor diagram (considering winding resistance and magnetic leakage), Equivalent circuit, Open-circuit test (no-load test), short circuit (SC) test, efficiency.	06
05	Electrical Machines (Numerical not expected): Rotating magnetic field produced by three phase ac, principle of operation of Three-phase induction motor, constructional details and classification of Induction machines.	02
06	Principle of operation of Single-Phase induction motors, stepper motor (Single stack variable reluctance and permanent magnet) (Numerical not expected)	02
Self- study Topic	 Principle of operation of DC generators and DC motors, constructional details and classification of DC machines, e.m.f equation of generator/motor, applications. (Theory question can be asked in University exam, no numericals. The percentage of marks allotted should be maximum of 10% (max. 08marks)) 	

Assessment:

Internal Assessment Test:

Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 35% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.

End Semester Theory Examination:

- 1. Question paper will comprise of total 06 questions, each carrying 20marks.
- 2. Total 04 questions need to be solved.
- 3. Question No: 01 will be compulsory and based on entire syllabus wherein subquestions of 2 to 5 marks will beasked.
- 4. Remaining questions will be mixed in nature.(e.g. Suppose Q.2 has part (a) from module3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
- 5. In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hrs as mentioned in thesyllabus.

Text Books:

- 1. V. N. Mittal and Arvind Mittal "Basic Electrical Engineering" Tata McGraw Hill, (Revised Edition)
- 2. Vincent Del Toro "Electrical Engineering Fundamentals", PHI Second edition, 2011
- 3. Edward Hughes "Hughes Electrical and Electronic Technology", Pearson Education (Tenth edition)
- 4. D P Kothari and I J Nagrath "Theory and Problems of Basic Electrical Engineering", PHI 13th edition 2011.
- 5. M. Naidu,S. Kamakshaiah "Introduction to Electrical Engineering" McGraw-Hill Education, 2004
- 6. B.R Patil "Basic Electrical Engineering" Oxford Higher Education

References:

- 1. B.L.Theraja "Electrical Engineering " Vol-I and II.
- 2. S.N.Singh, "Basic Electrical Engineering" PHI, 2011Book

Course Code	Course Name		eaching Contact			Credits Assigned			
Code		Theory	y Pra	act.	Tut.	Theory	Tut.	Pract.	Total
FEL101	Engineering Physics-I	-	01		-	-	-	0.5	0.5
			Examination S						
G	Course Name			Theory					
Course Code		Internal Assessment End			End	Exam.	Term	Pract.	Total
		Test1	Test 2	Avg.	Sem. Exam.	Duration (in Hrs)	Work	/oral	IUtal
FEL101	Engineering Physics-I						25		25

Objectives

- 1. To improve the knowledge about the theory learned in the class.
- 2. To improve ability to analyze experimental result and write laboratory report.

Outcomes: Learners will be able to...

- 1. Perform the experiments based on interference in thin films and analyze the results.
- 2. Verify the theory learned in the module crystallography.
- 3. Perform the experiments on various semiconductor devices and analyze their characteristics.
- 4. Perform simulation study on engineering materials.

Suggested Experiments: (Any five)

- 1. Determination of radius of curvature of a lens using Newton's ring set up
- 2. Determination of diameter of wire/hair or thickness of paper using Wedge shape film method.
- 3. Study of Miller Indices.
- 4. Study of Hall Effect.
- 5. Determination of energy band gap of semiconductor.
- 6. Study of Zener diode as voltage regulator.
- 7. Study of I/V characteristics of LED
- 8. Determination of 'h' using Photo cell.
- 9. Study of I / V characteristics of semiconductor diode
- 10. Charging and discharging characteristics of supercapacitor.
- 11. Simulation study of orientational ordering in Nematic like 2D liquid crystal.
- 12. Simulation experiments based on engineering materials using open source simulation softwares like Avogadro, Chimera, JMOL etc.

The distribution of marks for term work shall be as follows:

- Laboratory work (Experiments and Journal) : 10 marks
- Project Groupwise (Topic Presentation) : 10 marks
- Attendance (Theory and Tutorial) : 05 marks

The final certification and acceptance of TW ensures the satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing in the TW.

Course Code	Course Name		'eaching Contact			Credits Assigned				
Code		Theory	y Pra	act.	Tut.	Theory	Tut.	Pract.	Total	
FEL102	Engineering Chemistry-I	-	01		-	-	-	0.5	0.5	
		Examination Scheme								
G	Course Name			Theory	y					
Course Code		Internal Assessment End				Exam.	Term	Pract.	Total	
		Test1	Test 2	Avg.	Sem. Exam.	Duration (in Hrs)	Work	/oral	Total	
FEL102	Engineering Chemistry-I						25		25	

Outcomes: Learners will be able to...

- 1. Determine Chloride content and hardness of water sample
- 2. Determine free acid ph of different solutions
- 3. Determine metal ion concentration
- 4. Synthesize polymers, biodegradable plastics.
- 5. Determine Viscosity of oil

Suggested Experiments:

- 1. To determine Chloride content of water by Mohr's Method.
- 2. To determine total, temporary and permanent hardness of water sample by EDTA method.
- 3. To determine free acid pH of different solutions using pH meter
- 4. To determine metal ion concentration using colorimeter.
- 5. Removal of hardness using ion exchange column.
- 6. Molecular weight determination of polymers by Oswald Viscometer.
- 7. Synthesis of UF, PF, Nylon 66.
- 8. Determination of COD
- 9. Synthesis of biodegradable polymer using corn starch or potato starch
- 10. Determination of Viscosity of oil by Redwood Viscometer

Term work:

Term Work shall consist of minimum five experiments.

The distribution of marks for term work shall be as follows:

- Laboratory work (Experiments and Journal) : 10 marks
- Assignments and Viva on practicals : 10 marks
- Attendance (Theory and Tutorial) : 05 marks

The final certification and acceptance of TW ensures the satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum

Item No. - 4.40 AC - 26/07/2019

Item No. - 4.40 AC - 26/07/2019

Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)				Credits Assigned			
Code		Theory	y Pra	act.	Tut.	Theory	Tut.	Pract.	Total
FEL103	Engineering Mechanics		4	2				1	1
					Examina	tion Schem	e		
G	Course Name	Theory							
Course Code		Internal Assessment End				Exam.	Term	Pract.	Total
		Test1	Test 2	Avg.	Sem. Exam.	Duration (in Hrs)	Work	/oral	Total
FEL103	Engineering Mechanics						25	25	50

Objectives

- 1. To acquaint the concept of equilibrium in two and three dimensional system.
- 2. To study and analyse motion of moving particles/bodies.

Outcomes: Learners will be able to...

- 1. Verify equations of equilibrium of coplanar force system
- 2. Verify law of moments.
- 3. Determine the centroid of plane lamina.
- 4. Evaluate co-efficient of friction between the different surfaces in contact.
- 5. Demonstrate the types of collision/impact and determine corresponding coefficient of restitution.
- 6. Differentiate the kinematics and kinetics of a particle.

List of Experiments:

Minimum six experiments from the following list of which minimum one should from dynamics.

- 1. Verification of Polygon law of coplanar forces
- 2. Verification of Principle of Moments (Bell crank lever.)
- 3. Determination of support reactions of a Simply Supported Beam.
- 4. Determination of coefficient of friction) using inclined plane
- 5. Verification of the equations of equilibrium for Non-concurrent non-parallel (General) force system.
- 6. Collision of elastic bodies (Law of conservation of momentum).
- 7. Kinematics of particles. (Uniform motion of a particle, Projectile motion, motion under gravity)
- 8. Kinetics of particles. (collision of bodies)

Sr No.	Assignments to be completed during Practical Session.	Minimum Number of Numerical
1	Resultant of Coplanar force system	4
2	Resultant of Non-Coplanar force system	3
3	Centroid of Composite plane Laminas	4
4	Equilibrium of System of Coplanar Forces	4
5	Beam Reaction	4
6	Equilibrium of bodies on inclined plane and problems involving wedges and ladders.	4
7	Kinematics of particles (Variable acceleration + Motion Curves +Projectile motion)	4
8	Kinetics of particles (D'Alemberts Principle, Work Energy Principle, Impulse momentum Principle, Impact and Collisions.)	5

Assessment:

Term Work: It comprises Laboratory Experiments and Assignments.

The distribution of marks for term work shall be as follows:

- Practical Work and Journal : 10 marks.
- Assignments : 10 marks.
- Attendance : 05 Marks

End Semester Examination:

Pair of Internal and External Examiner should conduct Oral examination based on entire syllabus.

Item No. - 4.40 AC - 26/07/2019

Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)				Credits Assigned				
		Theory	y Pra	act.	Tut.	Theory	Tut.	Pract.	Total	
FEL104	Basic Electrical Engineering		2					1	1	
Course Code	Course Name	Examination Scheme								
		Theory								
		Internal Assessment End			Exam.	Term	Pract.	Total		
		Test1	Test 2	Avg.	Sem. Exam.	Duration (in Hrs)	Work	/oral	1 otui	
FEL104	Basic Electrical Engineering						25	25	50	

Objectives

- 1. To impart the basic concept of network analysis and its application.
- 2. To provide the basic concept of ac circuits analysis and its application.
- 3. To illustrate the operation of machines and transformer.

Outcomes: Learners will be able to...

- 1. Interpret and analyse the behaviour of DC circuits using network theorems.
- 2. Perform and infer experiment on single phase AC circuits.
- 3. Demonstrate experiment on three phase AC circuits.
- 4. Illustrate the performance of single phase transformer and machines.

Suggested List of laboratory experiments (Minimum Eight):

Also minimum two experiments from each course outcome shall be covered

- 1. Basic safety precautions. Introduction and use of measuring instruments voltmeter, ammeter, multi-meter, oscilloscope. Real-life resistors, capacitors and inductors.
- 2. To measure output voltage across load resistor/current through load resistor and verify the result using Mesh and Nodal analysis.
- 3. Verification of Superposition Theorem.
- 4. Verification Thevenin's Theorem.
- 5. Verification Norton's Theorem.
- 6. Verification Maximum Power Transfer Theorem.
- 7. To find the resistance and inductance of a coil connected in series with a pure resistance using three voltmeter method.
- 8. To find the resistance and inductance of a coil connected in parallel with a pure resistance using three ammeter method.
- 9. To find resonance conditions in a R-L-C series resonance circuit
- 10. To find resonance conditions in a R-L-C parallel resonance circuit.
- 11. To measure relationship between phase and line, currents and voltages in three phase system (star & delta)
- 12. To measure Power and phase in three phase system by two wattmeter method.
- 13. To find the equivalent circuit parameters by conducting OC and SC test on single phase transformer
- 14. To demonstrate cut-out sections of DC machine.
- 15. To demonstrate cut-out sections of single phase transformer.

Term Work: It comprises both part a and b

Term work consists of performing minimum 06 practical mentioned as below. Final certification and acceptance of the term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work. The distribution of marks for term work shall be as follows:

- Laboratory work (Experiment/journal) : 10 marks.
 - Assignments : 10marks.
 - Attendance (Theory and Practical) : 05Marks

End Semester Examination:

Pair of Internal and External Examiner should conduct Oral examination based on entire syllabus.

Item No. - 4.40 AC - 26/07/2019

Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)				Credits Assigned				
		Theory	y Pra	act.	Tut.	Theory	Tut.	Pract.	Total	
FEL105	Basic Workshop Practice-I		2	2				1	1	
Course Code	Course Name	Examination Scheme								
		Theory								
		Internal Assessment End			End	Exam.	Term	Pract.	Total	
		Test1	Test 2	Avg.	Sem. Exam.	Duration (in Hrs)	Work	/oral	I Utai	
FEL105	Basic Workshop Practice-I						50		50	

Objectives

- 1. To impart training to help the students develop engineering skill sets.
- 2. To inculcate respect for physical work and hard labor.
- 3. To get exposure to interdisciplinary engineering domain.

Outcomes: Learners will be able to...

- 1. Develop the necessary skill required to handle/use different fitting tools.
- 2. Develop skill required for hardware maintenance.
- 3. Able to install an operating system and system drives.
- 4. Able to identify the network components and perform basic networking and crimping.
- 5. Able to prepare the edges of jobs and do simple arc welding.
- 6. Develop the necessary skill required to handle/use different plumping tools.
- 7. Demonstrate the turning operation with the help of a simple job.

	Detailed Content	Hrs.
Demonstra same. Repo work CO-1 is re CO-2 to C CO-5 is re CO-6 is re CO-7 is re	nd 2 are compulsory. Select any ONE trade topics out of the topic at trade ations and hands on experience to be provided during the periods allotted ort on the demonstration including suitable sketches is also to be included in lated to Trade-1 O-4 is related to Trade-2 lated to Trade-3 lated to Trade-4 lated to Trade-5 tion is to be done according to the opted Trades in addition to Compulsory 7	d for the the term
Trade-1	 Fitting (Compulsory): Use and setting of fitting tools for chipping, cutting, filing, marking, center punching, drilling, tapping. Term work to include one job involving following operations : filing to size, one simple male- female joint, drilling and tapping 	10

Trade-2	 Hardware and Networking: (Compulsory) Dismantling of a Personal Computer (PC), Identification of Components of a PC such as power supply, motherboard, processor, hard disk, memory (RAM, ROM), CMOS battery, CD drive, monitor, keyboard, mouse, printer, scanner, pen drives, disk drives etc. Assembling of PC, Installation of Operating System (Any one) and Device drivers, Boot-up sequence. Installation of application software (at least one) Basic troubleshooting and maintenance Identification of network cables (straight cables, crossover cables, rollover cables) Basic networking and crimping. NOTE: Hands on experience to be given in a group of not more than four students 	08
Trade-3	Welding:Edge preparation for welding jobs. Arc welding for different job like, Lap welding of two plates, butt welding of plates with simple cover, arc welding to join plates at right angles.	06
Trade 4	 Plumbing: Use of plumbing tools, spanners, wrenches, threading dies, demonstration of preparation of a domestic line involving fixing of a water tap and use of coupling, elbow, tee, and union etc. 	06
Trade-5	 Machine Shop: At least one turning job is to be demonstrated and simple job to be made for Term Work in a group of 4 students. 	06